The Daily Sentinel.

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THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

Paris Correspondence of National Intelligencer.

THE REVIEW IN HONOR OF THE SULTAN—SYMPATHY FOR MAXIMILIAN.

PARIS, Friday July 9, 1867.

One of the most picturesque and beautiful, if not the most military or warlike looking reviews ever beheld in Paris, took place yesterday in honor of the Sultan. The event had been postponed on account of the late tragic incident in Mexico. But the Emperor Napoleon was unwilling that his Eastern guest should depart without seeing a military spectacle on a larger scale than he is likely to witness in England, and so it was determined rather suddenly, that the review should come off. The ground chosen was the Champs Elysees and the adjacent avenues: thus adding novelty to the usual attractions of such a spectacle, for I do not remember to have ever before witnessed so large a body of troops collected together in the same locality. They began to march from their quarters about the middle of the day, and before three o'clock more than forty thousand men were massed in the grand avenues of the Champs Elysees, between the Place de la Concorde and the Triumphal Arch, thence far away down the old Avenue de Neuilly to the entrance to the Bois de Boulogne, and along the broad lines of the Avenue de la Imperatrice, Eylau, Friedland, Wagram, and other high sounding names in the military annals of France. Nothing could be more magnificent than this combination, at once, of all the beauties of this most beautiful of cities and its inhabitants, with the utmost splendor of military pomp and array. Imagine, far as the eye could reach from the central point of the grand Triumphal Arch, long lines of glittering light flashing to the extreme distance in every direction beneath the beams of the bright sunshine. Down the Champs Elysees this splendid line was envolved on either side by luxuriant foliage, stretching far away to the gardens of the Tuileries and the Place de le Concorde, with its sparkling fountains. Every window and every balcony of the adjacent houses was crowded with elegantly dressed ladies, while countless multitudes lined the sides of the avenues. Imagine all this, if you can, and you will understand why I called this review picturesque and beautiful, rather than military. It was as though the army had only been called out to add yet another decoration to the surpassing loveliness of the capital, and rejoice with its citizens over the peace and splendor and beauty which reigned around. I certainly never beheld a fairer or more gorgeous sight. And when, presently, the Emperor and his staff, debouching from the Tuileries gardens on the Place de le Concorde, and then merging with the sultan and his suite, passed along this unequalled combination of array—spectators, foliage, flowers, fountains, architecture—the scene was complete, and Abdul Aziz himself must have confessed that even the fervid imagery of Eastern poetry could scarcely have depicted anything more bright and fair. The Sultan himself was a most conspicuous figure, dressed in a uniform literally blazing with gold lace, and distinguished by his small fez cap of brilliant scarlet. He rode one of the most magnificent speckled or flea bitten gray Arabs that eye ever beheld. The animal's head, with its eye of fire, and open, wide spread nostril, breathing speed and vigor and inexhaustible endurance, was a perfect picture of purity of race. And right worthy, too, the Sultan seemed of his beautiful steed, which he rode with the ease and grace of an accomplished horseman. I do not enter into details, because nothing that I could add in that respect would enable your readers any better to realize the matchless scene, if they have failed to catch it in imagination from the above brief description. I will only say that, in compliment to the chief spectators, an unusually large body of Zouaves, Turcos and Algerian *turailleurs*, were among the troops called out, whose snow white turbans and swarthy features contributed not a little to the general effect of the vast assemblage. The Sultan is expected to leave for England on Thursday.

The Presidents of the Senate and Corps Legislatif have both addressed their bodies in terms of the strongest reprobation of the execution of Maximilian, amidst the unanimous cheers of their auditors. The degradation of Lopez from his rank in the Legion of Honor was loudly demanded, and the Council of the Order is now taking steps to have the name of the traitor expunged from the list of its members. The *Moniteur*, in a second article of even greater severity than the one I recently mentioned, openly says that "to be absorbed by powerful neighbors" would now be only too good a fate for such a country as Mexico, and for a people who could tolerate such a chief as Juarez. The feeling I alluded to in my last, on this point, increases rather than diminishes, and has become quite a popular impulse. When I was looking on at the review yesterday, in the Champs Elysees, several bands of music passed before groups of people where I was standing, without playing. "See!" they exclaimed, "the bands are not allowed to play, because every one is in mourning, (*en deuil,*) for *ce pouvre Maximilian!*" The idea was scarcely warranted perhaps, by fact; but it was generous, paying, as it did, poetic justice to the memory of a brave and unfortunate man, most cruelly dealt with, and showed how deeply the public sentiment is engaged in his favor.

A WONDERFUL INVENTION.—The Wheeling *Intelligencer* says the Rev. Ashby Stephens, well known throughout West Virginia as a Methodist minister, now a teacher at Point Pleasant, has invented a clock which may justly be ranked among the remarkable inventions of the time. It is not, accurately speaking, a clock, but an attachment which may be joined to any clock. It calculates with scientific precision the rising and setting of the sun, moon and stars; shows the changes in the moon, and calculates all the eclipses. It shows the right ascension and descension of the stars, the place of the sun and moon in the zodiac, and in what constellation, with many other of the celestial phenomena. This it will do for one hundred years to come. At the end of that time it would have to be stopped, so as to lose a day to make the calculation correct for the next hundred years—a necessity growing out of the fact, understood by scientific men, that calendar time does not absolutely correspond with actual time, so that in a century the former gains a day. Mr. Stephens, who seems to have a genius for Mechanism, made his contrivance throughout with his own hands. He calls it an "astronomical clock," and intends claiming a patent.

RECONSTRUCTION,—SUPPLEMENTAL BILL NO. 2.

PASSED AT THE JULY SESSION.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That it is hereby declared to have been the true intent and meaning of the act of the second day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, entitled an act for the more efficient government of the rebel States, and of the act supplementary thereto, passed on the 24th. day of March, in the year 1867, that the governments then existing in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas and Arkansas were illegal and void, and thereafter the same governments, if continued, were to be continued subject in all respects to the military commanders of the respective Districts and to the authority of Congress.

SECTION 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the commander of any district named in said act shall have power, subject to the approval of the General of the armies of the United States, to have effect till disapproved, whenever in the opinion of such commander the proper administration of said act shall require it, to suspend or remove from office, or from the performance of official duties and the exercise of official powers, any officer or person holding or exercising, or professing to hold or exercise, any civil or military office or duty in such district, under any power, election, appointment, or authority derived from or granted by, or claimed under any so-called State or the government thereof, or any municipal or other division thereof, and upon such suspension or removal such commander, subject to the approval of the General aforesaid, shall have the power to provide from time to time for the performance of the said duties of such officer or person so suspended or removed, by the detail of some competent officer or soldier of the army or by the appointment of some other person to perform the same, and to fill vacancies occasioned by death, resignation or otherwise.

SECTION 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the General of the armies of the United States shall be invested with all the powers of suspension, removal, appointment and detail granted in the preceding section to district commanders.

SECTION 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the acts of the officers of the army already done in removing in said districts persons exercising the functions of civil officers and appointing others in their stead are hereby confirmed; provided that any person heretofore or hereafter appointed by any district commander to exercise the functions of any civil office may be removed, either by the military officer in command of the district or by the General of the army; and it shall be the duty of commanders to remove from office, as aforesaid, all persons who are disloyal to the government of the United States, or who use their official influence in any manner to hinder, delay, prevent or obstruct the due and proper administration of this act, and the acts to which this is supplementary.

SECTION 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the boards of registration provided for in the act entitled "an act supplementary to an act entitled 'an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States,'" passed March 2, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, shall have power, and it shall be their duty, before allowing the registration of any person, to ascertain upon such facts or information as they can obtain, whether such person is entitled to be registered under said act, and the oath required by said act shall not be conclusive on such question, and no person shall be registered unless such board shall decide that he is entitled thereto; and such board shall also have power to examine under oath (to be administered by any member of such board) any one touching the qualification of any person claiming registration. But in every case of a refusal by the board to register an applicant, made in every case hereinafter provided, the board shall make a note or memorandum, which shall be returned with the registration list to the commanding Generals of the Districts, setting forth the ground of such refusal, or such striking from the list: *Provided*, that no person shall be disqualified, as a member of any board of registration, by reason of race or color.

SECTION 6. *And be it further enacted*, That the true intent and meaning of the oath prescribed in said supplementary act is (among other things) that no person who has been a member of the Legislature of any State or who has held any executive or judicial office in any State, whether he has taken an oath to support the Constitution of the United States or not, and whether he was holding such office at the commencement of the rebellion or had held it before, and who has afterward engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof, is entitled to be registered or to vote; and the words "executive or judicial office in any State" in said oath mentioned shall be construed to include all civil offices created by law for the administration of the general law of the State, or for the administration of justice.

SECTION 7. *And be it further enacted*, That the time for completing the original registration provided for in said act may, in the discretion of the commander of any district, be extended to the 1st. day of October, 1867; and the boards of registration shall have power, and it shall be their duty, commencing fourteen days prior to any election under said act, and upon reasonable public notice of the time and place thereof, to revise for a period of three days the registration lists; and upon being satisfied that any person not entitled thereto has been registered, to strike the name of such person from the list. And such board shall also during the same period, add to such registry the names of all persons who at that time possess the qualifications required by said act who have not been already registered, and no person shall at any time be entitled to be registered or to vote by reason of any executive pardon or amnesty for any act or thing which, without such pardon or amnesty, would disqualify him from registration or voting.

SECTION 8. *And be it further enacted*, That section 4 of the said last-named act shall be construed to authorize the commanding general named therein, whenever he shall deem it needful, to remove any member of a board of registration, and to appoint another person in his stead, and to fill any vacancy in such board.

SECTION 9. That all members of said Boards of Registration and all persons hereafter elected or appointed to office in said military districts, under any so-called State or municipal authority or by detail or appointment of the District Commanders, shall be required to take and subscribe to the oath of office prescribed by law for officers of the United States.

SECTION 10. That no District Commander or member of the Board of registration or any of the officers or appointees acting under them shall be bound in his action by any opinion of any civil officer of the United States.

SECTION 11. That all the provisions of this act, and the acts to which this is supplementary, shall be construed liberally, to the end that all the intents thereof may be fully and perfectly carried out.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GOLDSBORO FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE NEXT SCHOLASTIC YEAR WILL BEgin on Monday, the 30th. of September, 1867, and continue forty weeks. The year will be divided into two sessions of twenty weeks each, but there will be no vacation till July, 1868.

The Faculty the same as heretofore. Pupils received at any time and charged from date of arrival. Thorough instruction; parental discipline; advantages unsurpassed anywhere; very moderate charges; healthy location; religious privileges of all denominations ample; and every facility for intellectual and moral improvement.

Board and Tuition, per session of twenty weeks, $95, in currency.

For particulars, address the undersigned, or Prof. E. W. ADAMS, Goldsboro, N. C.

Rev. S. MILTON FROST, President.

July 22-296-2aw4O1

MIDWAY SCHOOL,

CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA.

The Third Session of this School will begin on the First Wednesday of September next, and end on the last Wednesday of June 1868, consisting of two terms of five months each.

The Course of study is designed to prepare boys for the University of Virginia, or any other College, or for the practical business of life.

TERMS: For Board and Tuition, $150 per term, *Payable in Advance*. Music and Drawing at Professor's charges. Washing, Fuel and Lights at actual cost. Each Pupil furnishes his own towels.

For Circulars and other particulars address,

WILSON C. N. CABE, Charlottesville, Va.

JOSEPH PACKARD, Jr., Theo. Seminary, Fairfax Co., Va., Principals.

REFERENCES: The Faculty of the University of Va.

July 17-292-tf

"NORTH CAROLINA BOOKSTORE!"

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE SUBSCRIBER DESIRES TO ANNOUNCE to the Public that he has purchased the stock of

BOOKS, STATIONERY, MUSIC, FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

Formerly belonging to the North Carolina Publishing Company, that he has succeeded to the old stand No 1 Fayetteville St., so long and so favorably known throughout the State as the

"NORTH CAROLINA BOOK STORE,"

conducted by Henry D. Turner, dec'd., and that henceforth he will conduct the Book Business in all its branches at "*The North Carolina Book Store*," No 1, *Fayetteville St.*

He would also state that he brings to the management of the business, the experience of many years as a book buyer and seller, and a devotion to this particular branch of trade. He will endeavor to merit the reputation and business of the old stand.

The stock, of Books, Stationery, Music, etc., which he now offers to the public, has been well selected, and embraces a large supply of Sunday and Common School Books, Miscellaneous Books of almost every kind and variety, the North Carolina Supreme Court Reports, English Common Law Reports, and other Law Books, a very large supply of *Blank Books, Stationery*, and new Music, comprising

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT

to be found in the State; and will be sold upon the most reasonable terms.

Orders from all parts of this State *for any book or article wanted*, accompanied with the cash, or City references, will be promptly attended to, by addressing.

JAS. H. ENNIS,
Bookseller,
No 1, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh.

July 22-294-3m

ST. CLEMENT'S HALL.

A FIRST CLASS SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

ELLICOTTS MILLS, MD.,

(NEAR BALTIMORE.)

THIS SCHOOL WAS ESTABLISHED FOR the purpose of enabling SOUTHERN BOYS, at a comparatively moderate cost, to enjoy all the advantages that are afforded in the best and most expensive Northern Schools.

It has been, already, eminently successful. The Hall is a large and beautiful edifice. The Household is under the immediate charge of the Rector and his wife. The pupils are all received as members of the family; strict attention is given to their health, personal habits and to the cultivation of courteous manners, while every care is taken to unite the comforts of a home, with the strict discipline of a School. In these respects, this Institution claims to have no superior in the country.

The Teachers are all gentlemen of fine classical attainments, and the instruction is of the most thorough kind.

Circulars, containing full particulars, with references and list of pupils, will be sent to any address.

Rev. J. AVERY SHEPHERD, A. M., Rector.

REFER to Bishop Atkinson and the Clergy of N. C; Bishop Quintard, of Tennessee; Bishop Wilmer, of Ala; Bishop Wilmer, of La; Gen'l Joe E. Johnston; Gen'l Wade Hampton, S. C.

Ju'y 20-295-3m

MEDICAL COLLEGE OF VIRGINIA, AT RICHMOND, SESSION OF 1867.

The next ANNUAL COURSE OF LECTURES will commence on the first day of October, 1867, and continue until the 1st. of March, making a term of five months.

D. H. Tucker, M. D.	Prof. of the Practice Med.	
R. R. Wellford, M. D.	"	Materia Medica, &c.
L. S. Joynes, M. D.	"	Physiology, &c.
James H. McCaw, M. D.	"	Chemistry.
Hunter McGuire, M. D.	"	Surgery.
F. D. Cunningham, M. D.	"	Anatomy.
E. S. Gaillard, M. D.	"	General Pathology, &c.
J. L. Wade, M. D.,	Demonstrator of Anatomy.	

Every necessary means will be employed by the Faculty for the illustration of the lectures. Ample facilities will be afforded for the prosecution of Practical Anatomy.

Clinical Instruction at the Howard's Grove Hospital, the College Hospital, and the Richmond City Dispensary, located in the College building.

FEES: Matriculation $5; Professors' tickets, each, $15; Demonstrator of Anatomy, $10; Graduation, $30. Board may be obtained in Richmond at from $5 to $7 per week.

The Catalogue, containing full information, will be sent to those desiring it, on application to

L. S. JOYNES, M. D.,
Dean of the Faculty.

July 17-292-3taw2ww2m

IN STORE AND FOR SALE.

5 Hhds. Cuba Molasses.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

July 20-296-tf

FOR SALE.

THE BANKING HOUSE AND LOT, BELONGing to the Bank of the State of North Carolina, in the City of Raleigh, will be offered for sale, on the premises, on Tuesday, the 20th. day of August next, at 12 o'clock, M.

TERMS: One third Cash; residue in three equal instalments of Six, Twelve and Eighteen months, with interest from day of sale. Bonds with approved security, will be required and title retained until the whole purchase money is paid. The Bank reserves the privilege of making one bid.

C. DEWEY,
Agent.

July 9-285-2awtd

FAMILY GROCERS.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,

FAMILY GROCER,

NO. 26 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE supply of

CHOICE GROCERIES,

Consisting in part of Sugars—Crushed, "A" Coffee, Powdered, "C" Coffee, "B" Coffee, and brown of different grades;

Molasses and Syrup;

Coffees, Java, Laguira, Rio, and St. Domingo;

Bacon, Sides, Shoulders, Sugar cured Hams, and Strips;

Beef, for chipping, broiling, and spiced for boiling, a splendid article. Spiced Pig's feet, Pickled Pork, Beef and Buffalo Tongues.

Codfish, Tongues and Sounds. Mackerel, Smoked or Scotch Herrings. A splendid lot of Codfish.

Pickled and smoked Salmon.

Liverpool and Table Salt.

Potatoes, White Mercer, Peach Blow and Jackson Whites.

Gunny Bagging, Rope, Sole Leather, French Calf Skins, Lining Skins, &c. Shoe Pegs, Tacks, Awls, &c.

Wrapping Paper, Powder and Shot, Cotton Cards, Pearl and Corn Starch, Farina and Tapioca; English Dairy Cheese, Factory Cheese; a large assortment of Canned Fruits. Pickles, Preserves, Mustards, canned Oysters, Lobsters, Sardines, &c.

Oranges, Lemons, Figs, Currants and Prunes, and everything usually kept in a first-class Grocery.

Also Liquors of all grades. Attention is especially called to our pure old Robeson County and old Kefler Whiskey.

All manner of Sauces, Catsups, and Fancy Groceries generally, very cheap for cash.

We sell strictly for Cash.

W. ROBERT ANDREWS,
Family Grocer.

April 3-4f

ROBERT A. JENKINS, Williamsborough, N. C.

LEMUEL S. PERRY, Raleigh, N. C.

JENKINS & PERRY,

Family Grocers and Commission MERCHANTS,

IN THE BRICK ROW,

Four Doors North of the Post Office and nearly Opposite Market Square,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Grateful for the flattering patronage with which we have heretofore been so kindly favored, we respectfully solicit an increased share of the patronage of the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country. Without specially *guessing*, we deem it sufficient to say, that our stock mostly embraces such articles as are usually found in Family Groceries. Most of our goods have been recently bought in New York and Baltimore, for cash, and we hope to be able to sell them on satisfactory terms. In addition to our stock of Groceries, &c., we have a fine lot of

HATS AND READY MADE CLOTHING

and a splendid lot of Confectioneries, consisting of

PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES, RAISINS, ORANGES, FIGS, NUTS AND BRANDY PEACHES, &c.,

all of which will be sold on reasonable terms.

We have also a fine lot of genuine Durham Smoking Tobacco, which we can implicitly recommend to "those who smoke." Please call and see us.

We will pay particular attention to all consignments of Produce and Merchandise entrusted to our care and will endeavor to sell at the best market prices. Consignments are respectfully solicited. By a prompt and close attention to business and fair dealing with all, we hope to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

April 13 211-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

RICE'S MANUAL,

OF THE

U. S. BANKRUPTCY ACT, 1867,

WITH THE

Rules, Orders and Forms of Proceedings thereunder

CONVENIENTLY

Annotated, Classified and Arranged. Bound in Law Sheep—Price $5.

ALSO,

The Bankrupt Law, with all the Rules, Forms, &c., in Pamphlet. Price 25 cents.

For sale by

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.

July 17-292-tf

RANDOLPH MACON COLLEGE,

VIRGINIA.

THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION Commences on the 19th. of Sept. 1867.

In addition to the schools of Moral Philosophy, Ancient Languages, Mathematics, Natural Philosophy and Modern Languages, the board has established a school of

COMMERCIAL SCIENCE,

in which are taught the branches of a business education;—thus uniting the theory, scientific and practical. Young men studying for the ministry, and soldiers disabled by the late war, who are necessitous circumstances, can attend free of tuition. All scholarships valid.

Expenses for ten months including meals, use of furniture, (averaged,) fuel, lights, washing, matriculation and contingent fee and tuition in three schools—so as to occupy the whole time—$150; one half payable at the beginning of each term.

A daily line of hacks (Sundays excepted) runs from Roanoke station, (Richmond & Danville Railroad,) to Boydton

Send for Circulars.

THOS. C. JOHNSON,
President.

Boydton, Mecklenburg Co., Va., July 19-294-3w

AURORA BURNING FLUID.

WE OFFER TO THE PUBLIC THIS CELEbrated Fluid, and in doing so we feel assured that its superiority over any other FLUID OR OIL, will give it a favorable acceptance with the public at large. It is NON-EXPLOSIVE. Free from any disagreeable smell.

It will not grease the hands.

It will not soil or grease the clothing.

It produces a soft and beautiful light.

It is not trying to the eyes.

It is the Cheapest BURNING FLUID ever offered.

It can be used in any Kerosene Lamp by changing the burner.

It has been most favorably received, and pronounced by judges to be the BEST AND MOST RELIABLE BURNING FLUID now in use.

We are prepared to furnish the trade with this valuable article at low rates, and we solicit from the public examination and trial. We are also prepared to furnish LAMPS, CHIMNEYS, BURNERS and WICKS. Rights to manufacture the oil or to sell in each county, will be sold on reasonable terms on application to

R. W. BEST & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers,
July 15-289-3m Raleigh, N. C.

FINE MULES FOR SALE.

The Subscriber has FOUR LARGE FINE MULES for sale, which he wishes to sell *for cash*. Any one wishing to purchase would do well to call soon.

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Hardleysville, Harnett Co.

July 17-292-1w2w

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE!

HAVING ATTENDED THE LARGE

Closing Auction Sales

Of the Season last Week, and procured

MANY VERY

DESIRABLE GOODS

SUITED TO THE WANTS OF THIS COMMUNITY, I AM PREPARED TO OFFER THE

BEST AND CHEAPEST

DRY GOODS

EVER OFFERED IN THIS CITY!

Among the many to be found, are:

500 yards real silk Embroidered Grenadines, in new style, worth $1 25, at 62½ cents.

1,000 yards real Silk Embroidered Grenadines, in new style, worth $1 50, for 75 cents.

1,000 yards Silk Embroidered Grenadines, in new style, worth $2 50, for $1 00.

Plain Black and solid Colored Grenadines, at correspondingly low prices.

These goods are just the thing for the season and much needed, as they have been very scarce and high.

2,000 yards neat, pretty Dress Goods, in all kinds of thin fabrics, worth 50 to 75 cents, for 25 to 37 cents

The best article for Travelling Dresses I ever saw, worth $1 50 for 62½ to 75 cents.

The most desirable shades of gray and drab Alpacas, at 75 cents to $1 00 per yard.

4-4 White and Black Crape Morets. Also Grenadines.

5,000 yards Black Alpacas: positively the greatest bargains ever offered in this market, at 50, 62½, 75, 87½ cts., and $1; worth in every instance double the money.

3,000 yards Black Silks, of the most approved makes, in Taffetas and Grotrains, for 1 30, 1 45, 1 50, 1 75, 2 00, and $2 50. These prices are from 50 cents to $1 00 per yard less than any similar goods have been offered in this market.

1,000 Parasols, in every style and variety, about half price—say from $1 50 to $2 50.

Also, Sea-side and Promenade Parasols, very desirable for travelling, watering places, &c.

The largest and finest assortment of Real Point Lace Goods ever offered in Petersburg, for less than half their value.

Real Point Collars!

Real Point Collars and Cuffs!

Real Point Sets!

Real Point Lace Trimmed Handkerchiefs!

One real Point Applique Lace Shawl, a very valuable article worth $250.

10,000 yards of magnificent Lawns, from 30 to 50 cents, worth double the price.

The best Lawns ever offered in Petersburg for 25 cents.

1,000 yards Buff Linen Lawn, for Ladies' morning dresses; the most desirable goods in the market.

Also, 5,000 yards of Spanish Linen, Linen Coating, Linen Drills and Canvas Ducks, at 25 to 50 cents per yard, worth 50 cts., to $1.

Also, 100 pieces Canton Matting from 37½ to 65 cents per yard. Among them is the XX Imperial, the best Matting made.

It is not necessary to add more, nor to say I am selling lower than any one else. The public are the best judges of this, and I hope they will give their verdict substantially in my favor by their liberal patronage, and I will assure them I will leave no effort untried to please.

THOMAS SMITH,

No. 25 Sycamore Street,

PETERSBURG, VA.

June 20-266-tc

MISCELLANEOUS

NORTH CAROLINA COLLEGE,

Mount Pleasant, Cabarrus County, N. C.

The next Scholastic term of this Institution will commence on the First Monday in August, 1867. The course of study to be pursued is thorough, the government firm and decided; the expenses very low; the health and morality of the community unsurpassed.

EXPENSES, *U. S. Currency*—For Session of 10 months:

Board, $10.00 per month,	$100.00.
Tuition, College Classes,	40.00.
" English Classes, (Preparatory)	30.00.
Room rent, Fuel, Washing, &c., about	25.00.

All indigent young men, maimed in the late war and incapacitated for severe physical exertion will be charged only *one half* of the above rates of Tuition.

For further particulars, send for a Prospectus.

Address,

L. A. BIKLE, A. M.,
Prof. Ancient Languages,
Mt. Pleasant, Cabarrus Co., N. C.

June 14-262-3m

PATENT IMPROVED METHOD OF SINKING WELLS,

OR

THE NEW LABOR SAVING ECONOMICAL PUMPS.

HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE AND exclusive right to the patent improved method of sinking Wells, for the State of North Carolina, we desire to have a good and reliable Agent in every county of the State.

As it is desirable for every family to have an abundant supply of water, on their own premises, for convenience, safety and economy, the sale of this Pump offers a fine opening for an enterprising man in each county, to engage in profitable business.

OUR PRICES ARE FOR No. 1 SIZE, $25;

No. 2, $30,

WITH A LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO AGENTS.

We have a No. 2 Pump in operation in front of our Store, No. 22, Pollock Street, which was sunk in an hour, and supplies about 5,000 GALLONS of pure water per day. They can also be seen in operation at the Gaston House, and at other places in Newbern; also at Kinston, Beaufort, Morehead city, and at many other places.

This is the cheapest and most speedy mode of obtaining water in any section, as you can exhibit any stream of water reached, which is not satisfactory, and obtain only that which is most desirable.

Address correspondence for information, agencies or orders, to

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,
June 8-256-tf Newbern, N. C.

TO THE LADIES.

Another lot of T. MILES & SONS' Kid and Morocco Shoes.

ALSO, LACED AND CONGRESS LASTING SHOES.

Also, a beautiful assortment for Misses and Children.

Call and you will return to your homes, saying, "I was lucky in stoping at Cooke's and getting a pair of Miles' Shoes."

July 5-281-tf G. T. COOKE.

FOR SALE.

Another large lot of N. C. Cut HERRINGS, in kegs and Bbls.; Family Roe Herrings in kegs and Bbls.; Gross Herrings and Rock in Bbls.

FULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
June 8-256-tf Wholesale Grocers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BLUE AND GOLD POETS;

Goldsmith,	Tennyson,
Wordsworth,	Longfellow,
Hood,	Ossian,
Cowper,	Hallock,
Moore,	Scott,
McCauley,	Meredith,
Miss Mulock,	Morris,
Willis,	Milton,
Preston,	Byron,
Burns,	Hemans,
Campbell,	Coleridge.

All just received at our new Store, next to Tuckers' new Hall.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.

May 29-249-tf

RALEIGH AND GASTON R. R. Co.,
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
RALEIGH, N. C. May 6th, 1867.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE ON R. & G. R. R.

ON and after May 7th, 1867, trains will run on R. & G. R. R. as follows: Daily

Arrive at Weldon	2.30 P. M.
Leave "	2.30 P. M.
Mail trains leave Weldon	10.30 A. M.
Arrive at Raleigh	3.50 P. M.
Freight train arrives at Raleigh	4.50 P. M.
" " leaves "	6.30 A. M.

The mail trains make through connections with all points North and South as quick as any other route.

W. G. LEWIS,
May 6-229-tf Gen. Supt.

Progress and Standard copy till forbid.

DR. WM. LITTLE,

HAS RESUMED THE PRACTICE OF MEDicine in Raleigh and its vicinity.

OFFICE, at Col. Geo. Little's.

Raleigh, July 3-278-1m

ALLAN & JOHNSON,

WHOLESALE

Seedsmen, Nurserymen & Florists.

1506 MAIN ST.,

(UNDER ST. CHARLES HOTEL)

Richmond, Va.

Oct. 13-4y

VIRGINIA SPRINGS.

The following celebrated VIRGINIA SPRINGS, of easy access by railroads and short stage lines, over good roads, in comfortable coaches by contract limited to ten passengers, will be open for visitors ON AND AFTER THE 1ST OF JUNE 1867:

WHITE SULPHUR,
GREENBRIER COUNTY, W. Va.

SWEET SPRINGS AND SALT SULPHUR SPRINGS,
MONROE COUNTY, W. Va.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Jackson River depot until about 10th. July, when the railroad will be run to Covington; and from Bonsack's, on the Virginia and Tennessee railroad, 26½ stages.

HOT SPRINGS,
HEALING SPRINGS, and
BATH ALUM SPRINGS,
BATH COUNTY, VA.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Millboro' depot.

ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS,
ROCKBRIDGE COUNTY, VA.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Goshen depot.

AUGUSTA WHITE SULPHUR ALUM SPRINGS,
(FORMERLY STRIBLING'S.)

Route via Central railroad to Staunton, thence by stages to the Springs.

ALLEGHANY SPRINGS,
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, VA.

Route via Virginia Central, Orange and Alexandria, to Shawsville depot, on Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

COYNER'S SULPHUR SPRINGS,
BOTETOURT COUNTY, VA.

Route as above to Coyner's Springs station, Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

THROUGH TICKETS

can be procured at the principal cities West, North, and South, to all the above named Springs.

THE PROPRIETORS

of the above Springs have provided an entire outfit of

NEW FURNITURE, &c.

in all departments, and will use every effort to make visitors satisfied.

May 30 250-4m*

BUFFALO SPRINGS,

MECKLENBURG COUNTY, VA.

THIS well known Watering place, newly improved and fitted up, is now open for

THE RECEPTION OF GUESTS.

THE FOLLOWING TARIFF CHARGES HAS BEEN ADOPTED:

BOARD, PER DAY	$ 2.50.
" " WEEK	12.50
" " MONTH	35.00.

CHILDREN AND SERVANTS HALF PRICE!!

After June 15th, the Regular HACKS,

FROM THE SPRINGS WILL MEET

PASSENGERS

From Richmond at Scottsburg depot, every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, and from Danville every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

A BAND

Has been engaged for the season, and other Amusements are provided.

T. PAXSON,
June 3-253-2m Proprietor.

ST. JAMES HOTEL,

NEW ORLEANS.

PROPRIETORS:

WM. A. HURD, ... Of New Orleans.
W. F. CORKERY, Spotswood Hotel, Richmond.

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD OFFICES, IN ROTUNDA OF HOTEL.

July 4-280-3m

BELMONT SCHOOL,

Granville County, N. C.

The FALL SESSION of 1867 begins July 11th.

Boys arriving at Henderson, N. C. at the proper time, will find prompt conveyance.

For Circulars, address,

R. H. GRAVES,
June 28-273-2wdaw1m Oxford, N. C.

100 REAMS BEST WRAPPING PAPER 100 lbs. Twine. to be sold cheap.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

July 16-291-tf
Standard and Progress copy.

DANIEL PRATT'S GINS.

(50 SAWS)

We have one of these *celebrated*, and reliable Gins in Store, which we will sell at manufacturers, prices, freight added.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

July 16-291-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

STRANGERS VISITING RALEIGH ARE VERY politely invited to call at

WATSON'S GALLERY OF ART, AND EXAMINE THE MANY

BEAUTIFUL

PAINTINGS,

OIL PORTRAITS,

PHOTOGRAPHS &c.

On exhibition at this establishment.

Photographs executed in the finest styles of the art.

Particular attention given to copying old Daguerreotypes &c.

J. V. WATSON.

Raleigh, June 4-255-tf

J. T. MORRISS & BRO.,

127 SYCAMORE STREET,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

W. H. MORRIS & CO.,

18 FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

Raleigh, N. C.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

AND

Manufacturers of all Kinds of Furniture,

—ALSO—

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Floor and Table Oil Cloth, Window Shades, Enameled Cloth and Floor Matting.

Call and examine our stock. Our motto is quick sales and small profits.

April 18-212-3m*

TO TOBACCONISTS.

It is a well established fact, that TOBACCO well flavored commands a better price and more ready sale than it does when not flavored or but badly so. Such being the case, would it not be to the interest of Manufacturers to use liberally *pure* flavoring materials, such as

Oil Aniseed,	Tonka beans,
" Bergamot,	Gum Styrax,
" Cinnamon,	Mace,
" Citronella,	Nutmegs,
" Cloves,	Angelica Root,
" Geranium,	Orrisa "
" Lemon,	Snake "
" Mirbane,	Valerian "
" Nutmegs,	Aniseed "
" Sassafras,	Cardamom Seed,
" Wintergreen,	Coriander "
Allspice,	Fennel "
Cinnamon Bark,	Gum Arabic,
Cloves,	Olive Oil, &c.

We have constantly on hand a large stock of the above articles; also, Branding Brushes and Inks of all kinds, which we sell very low.

JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
May 27-247-tf Petersburg, Va.

Valuable City Property for Sale.

ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE HOUSES and Lots in the City, (front of Nash Square) lately occupied by Mrs. Ruffin Decker, dec'd.—The House contains 10 Rooms, all well furnished. Lot about 2½ acres, grounds beautifully ornamented with Shrubbery. Conservatory filled with the rarest flowers and garden of fine vegetables and choice fruit trees, all necessary out buildings, and well of pure water. Possession can be given immediately.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.

mar 2-175-tf

ATTENTION PHYSICIANS.

A Physician, enjoying a good practice in a thriving Village of 1500 inhabitants, on the Central N. C. R. R., is desirous of selling his house and lot, together with his good will, to some reliable and intelligent Physician, as he desires to go into other business.

For particulars, apply at

June 28-273-1m THIS OFFICE.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

BY Virtue of a Decree of the County Court of Washington County, May Term 1867, I shall expose for sale, on Tuesday, 20th. August, 1867, at the Court House door in the town of Plymouth, the undivided interest of Joseph B. Rombac, deceased, (which is the one half) in the Swamp known as the "BOULHAC SWAMP" in Washington County—lying on the Turnpike and adjoining the lands of S. B. McRae, Hardy Everett, and others,—containing, by survey,

FOUR THOUSAND SIX HUNDRED AND SIXTEEN ACRES.

Said Swamp has a considerable quantity of Cypress Timber, has a fertile soil and presents every advantage, with sufficient draining, for one of the finest farms in the country.

TERMS: A Credit of Six, Twelve and Eighteen months, with Two Hundred Dollars cash to pay costs and charges.

JOSHUA S. SWIFT,
Administrator, &c.

Plymouth, N. C. July 5-281-dawSw*

MEDICINES, &c.

SAUNDERS'

CATHARTIC AND ALTERATIVE PILLS.

RECOMMENDED BY THE BEST PHYSIcians. Purely Vegetable. No Calomel in them. Never Gripe; being Coated with Gum Tolu are perfectly tasteless.

For regulating the Bowels, and for the cure of Bilious Fever, Bilious Headache, Constipation or Costi

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The Sentinel is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

For one month	$1,00
For two months	2,00
Three months	2,50
Six months	5,00
One year	10 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year	5,00
" " " six months	2,50
Weekly Sentinel, one year	3 00
" " six months	1,50

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, } SEATON GALES,
EDITORS.

MONDAY, JULY 29, 1867.

COPPERHEADS.

It is the delight of Radicals to berate and stigmatize all persons as "Copperheads," who do not favor their schemes. Not only the anti-war Democrats of the North, to whom this *soubriquet* was first applied, but the war-Democrats and all Conservative Union men, many of the most decided Union men in the country, North or South, are now stigmatised and falsely charged with being *Copperheads*.

We have never had any sympathy either with Northern or Southern Copperheadism. We have no affiliation with either, and never expect to have. Copperhead was a term of reproach applied at the North, especially, to all Democrats who opposed the war for the Union, all who professedly sympathised with the South *against* their own section. These men, in our judgment, deserved censure after the war began. Their course, we think, was indefensible. Had we been citizens of the North, as they were, how much soever we might have been opposed to the war, and in sympathy with Southern views, yet, when the war actually began for the supposed preservation of the Union, we should have gone heart and soul with the Union war party.

But have we any Southern Copperheads? Quite a number of them, and they are all now found in the ranks of the Southern *Loyalists* and Radicals. There is this difference: Most of the now prominent leaders among the Southern Loyalists were at one time secessionists or blatant war men. They urged and encouraged thousands to engage in the war of Southern independence. They were generally ultra, violent men. When they got *scared*, they then began to oppose the war for Southern independence, and wanted to close the war to save the negroes and perpetuate slavery. They then became antagonistic to the war and *against their own section*. They applauded the Yankees and denounced their own people. Their course is of the same character still, for personal security and advantage. Are they not *Copperheads*? Are they not the only *Copperheads* in the South? Certainly they are. And they deserve the stigma and the indignation of all honest men.

It is by this class of men, that honest and true Southern men are now falsely assailed with being still enemies to the government, as being opposed to the Union and the restoration of peace and harmony. They have kept up the war upon their own fellow-citizens, who have proven themselves true to their pledges in every condition, and who, to-day, are the truest friends in the South to the Constitution and to Republican government. They are the true Republicans, who will never join with Radicalism to pull down the framework of our government, and who will never, for the sake of personal or partisan success, become the enemies and destroyers of American liberty.

Professor Agassiz, in a lecture in Springfield, Massachusetts, said:

"Boys and girls, men and women, should be less cloistered, they should be associated in the school, on the farm, and in the shop. Their influences should be pure and healthful, and thus would the race attain more perfect development. Society will then be put on a high foundation."

Professor Agassiz is one of the most scientific men in the country. His investigations place him at the head of the naturalists of the country, and his attainments in general science make him *the swan*, perhaps, in America. We are inclined to think, however, that though he cannot with propriety be placed among irreverent "free thinkers," yet he may be placed among the doubters in revealed religion. At least, his philosophy does not readily yield at all times to the teachings of the Bible, but would rather make the interpretations of Scripture bend to his philosophy. These conclusions we have reached more from his lectures and teachings, than from any other knowledge of the man.

In the above views, however, as expressed in his lecture in Springfield, there is much truth. We do not believe in the perfectibility of human development, physically, socially, politically, intellectually or morally, at all, especially by the agencies which would be employed by modern philosophers. Man's whole want of adaptability to the highest development lier in the corruption and depravity of the heart, which must be purified and made better by Omnipotent power and grace; otherwise its depravity and ruin are incorrigible and irremediable. No educational plans or schemes, however wise or useful, can accomplish this. But we think that great errors have been committed, by the wide separation which has been introduced between the sexes. Cloistered schools, and the barriers raised between the sexes in matters of education and labor, have failed, in our judgment, to effect the improvements desired. Schools properly organized, in buildings suitably arranged and properly conducted, for both sexes, would, in our judgment, produce mighty changes for the better.

It is not to be denied, that society in the rural districts and country neighborhoods, where the schools are almost entirely mixed and composed of both sexes, though perhaps less refined in the popular sense, is, nevertheless, the best part of American society, because more virtuous and more honest. We cannot doubt that schools erected in our towns and cities, and properly conducted, as they used to be to some extent in our old borough academies, though they were defective in their structure and management, would be vastly better for society than the present method. Girls and boys, who used to come out of our borough academies, were more thoroughly instructed as far as they went, than those of the present day. They were better qualified to mingle in society and to undertake the duties of life. While passing through the instructions of the schools, they at the same time felt the restraints and conservative influences of home—the intercourse of young people of both sexes, while being free from conventional restrictions, felt always the purifying power of *home*.—The aged people of this day recur to this period, now, as the golden age of their own existence and that of the Republic, and they sigh for the olden times. We shall recur to this subject again.

For the Sentinel.

IS NORTH CAROLINA A STATE?

MESSRS. EDITORS:—In the *Sentinel* you have been for some time urging the people of this District to register, in order to vote. Has it ever occured to you, that you were urging, advising and persuading your fellow subjects, (no longer citizens,) to perjure themselves?

In one of your papers, a short time since, you stated that the reconstruction act, passed March 2nd., and the supplemental act thereto, were the supreme law of the land. That act prescribes an oath to be taken by every person who offers to be registered, which is in these words:

"I ——, do solemnly swear, or affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that I am a citizen of the State ——, that I have resided in said State for —— months, next preceding this day, and now reside in the county of ——, or the parish of ——, in said State, &c."

Now if this act is the supreme law, as you state it to be, then there is no State of North Carolina, and has not been, since the surrender of Gen. Johnston on April 26th, 1865, and will not be, until Congress sees fit to make it a State. This fact is clearly set forth in the first act, in the first supplemental act, and, beyond all possibility of doubt, it is declared in the supplemental act of July. If those acts are the law of the land, then there is no State of North Carolina; if they are not laws, then there is no necessity to register. How can a man swear that he is a citizen, where he is only a subject to a single General, who is absolute and supreme in his authority over a district, who holds and claims to hold no State office, and that he resides and has resided in a State which does not and has not existed during the months that he is to swear that he has resided in said State? Can a State be a State, according to the American theory and declarations, without a written Constitution, without a Governor, without Judges, without a Legislature or any officer whatever, except such as may be permitted to exercise certain functions or are appointed to perform them, by the aforesaid General supreme power, without representation in either house of the Congress of the United States?

At one time, I thought every subject ought to register, who could take the above mentioned oath, and should have been willing to take it myself, if I had been permitted to substitute District No. 2, and the late State of North Carolina, for the "State of North Carolina," in the oath. I have since changed my opinion, and now think that no Southern white man ought to disgrace himself by applying to be registered. If Congress chooses to establish a negro government over us, as they have the power, let them do it, but do not let the Southern whites assist to place the negroes over themselves. If Congress chooses to hang us all, do no not let us be such miserable, cowardly scamps, as to put the noose around our own necks, and tie the other end of the rope to the gallows, and, after having made all things ready ourselves, thank the saints (self-styled) to be kind enough to knock the trap from us.

A SUBSCRIBER.

DISTRICT No. 2.

REMARKS.

We know our friend, the author of the foregoing communication, to be an honorable and conscientious gentleman. It would, perhaps, be well if *his* scrupulous regard for the solemnity of an oath were generally felt. It would, at least, be productive of a more elevated moral standard and of less distrust between man and man in the community; for it cannot be disguised that the readiness with which some men have swallowed the "iron clad" oath whose fitness to do so was, to say the least, very questionable, has had the effect to impair the basis of public confidence and excite severe criticism.

In the particular matter in hand, however, the rigid scruples of our correspondent have led him into a wrong position, and we think that we can satisfy him of his error.

It is undoubtedly true that Mr. Stevens, and, with him, a few of the ultra-Radical leaders, hold to the doctrine that the *States* themselves, as such, have been obliterated, and occupy the relation of mere conquered provinces or territories; but it is a mistake to suppose that any considerable or influential portion of the party entertain any such extravagant and absurd theory. In the debate which took place in the Senate, a few days since, when President Johnson suggested that the action of Congress had so ignored the existence of the Southern States, *as States*, as very justly to raise the question whether the United States had not thereby obligated itself, according to the laws of nations, to pay the debts of the States, Mr. Howard, Mr. Fessenden, Mr. Wilson, and even Mr. Sumner, indignantly repudiated the idea that the *States* had been blotted out,—the latter stating, emphatically, that "*the States* still existed and their just obligations inhered in them."

The existence of the Southern *States*, as such, has received, since the surrender, the repeated, clear and distinct recognition of the Executive, Judicial and Legislative Departments of the government. It is the basis of the Executive policy,—the Supreme Court has expressly recognized it by the adjudication of cases, originating since the war, which could only be brought by *States*, and by the assignment of its Judges to hold the Circuit Courts, which can only be held in *States*,—and the Congress has unequivocally acknowledged it by submitting, in two instances, the rejection or acceptance of Constitutional amendments, upon which *States* alone are authorized to act.

Our correspondent will find, upon a due examination of the Reconstruction Acts, that they proceed altogether upon the fact that the States exist, with their former distinct limits, counties, corporations, &c.,—with illegal or provisional *governments* it may be, but still as *States*, "rebel" States, that need a remodeling of their constitutions and a change in their governmental administration, in order to make them acceptable to Congress. Let us not, in our indignation at the unconstitutional license with which Congress has destroyed our State *governments*, lend ourselves to the possible suggestion of the idea of political obliteration. *The people*, communities, territorial limits, constitute a State, as much as a fixed form of government, and all of these certainly exist and are recognized. Accordingly, in the preamble to the Reconstruction Act, it is declared that "said rebel *States* shall be divided into Military Districts;" and further on the governments therein are pronounced provisional until "*the people* of said rebel *States*" shall do certain things. And precisely similar declarations pervade the July Supplement. The oath itself recognizes the existence of *States*.

After all, the solution of the difficulty, in which our correspondent apprehends that he is placed, lies with his conscience and that of every man similarly disturbed. Do you believe that North Carolina is not a State,—do you give in to the Stevens theory that she is but a conquered strip of land or piece of territory,—do you believe that Congress, though it should legislate forever, can *expel* a State from the Union? If you do, then by all means refuse to take the oath. But if you do not, as we are sure our correspondent does not, then we appeal to him, and all others, to register, *to vote*, and to use their best efforts to prevent our good old mother from falling a ready prey to the spoiler.

There is no legal power on earth that can obliterate *States*, and Congress, we repeat, has not even attempted to do it. Congress has conceived the idea, very unjustly, that our people are still disloyal or "rebel," pronounced illegal the choice we have made of our civil officers, and ordered other elections, under certain prescribed conditions, to be held. Meanwhile, for the alleged purpose of preserving peace and order, while the *States* are undergoing the transition (so-called) from "rebel" into "loyal" *States*, military authority is established. However properly indignant we may feel at all this, we cannot afford to add, to our already sufficiently outraged convictions, the assumption or the feeling that our *State* existence has been swept away and become a thing of the past.

Correspondence of the Sentinel.

CATAWBA SPRINGS, CATAWBA CO.,
July 26, 1867.

MESSRS. PELL AND GALES: *Gentlemen*—Did you ever indulge in dreams of that golden isle, or blessed nook, on entering which the load of cares, trials and vexations, which each of us carries like Sinbad did the old man of the sea, would slip off as easily and effectually as the said old gentleman did when Sinbad discovered the magic method of getting rid of him? I have so dreamed, and many a time and oft have I hunted for the same, and I think I have found it at last in this valley, which lies like a garment of velvet under the shade of its protecting hills, clasped to them, as with a mammoth diamond, by the sparkling Catawba!

It seems to me that "Rest" and repose are written in lines of quivering light on the leaves of the trees, glittering on the grassy hill sides, and rippling in the pure waters of the silver springs. A spirit of dreamy quiet, the very quintessence of calmness, broods like an invisible presence over the spot, and on entering the gate, which shuts it off from the rest of the world, one seems to leave behind him all cares and vexations. He knows, of course, that they will be waiting for him to pick up when he returns from the fairy circle of the Springs to the bustle and burden of life, but in the interval he is free, and he meets Hope on the threshold dressed in new plumes and ready to bear him upward in even the wildest flight. Do not suppose from the above that the element of dulness presumes to enter into the peaceful tranquility which, as Sancho Panza said of sleep, "covers one like a blanket."

The air and water react upon each other so as to produce a delightful equilibrium, and while the one lulls its inhaler into the very perfection of repose, the other rouses him to a state of exhilaration and bouyancy of spirits which produces a charming freshness and turns everything into enjoyment.

As perhaps you may be aware, I have come here with a forlorn-hope sort of feeling that, in the bottom of the sparkling Catawba Springs, I may find the health and strength without which the wheels of life must soon stand still. If my experience equals that of scores of other sojourners here, my hopes will be more than realized.

Owing to that weakness, I can, in this letter, give you but the mere upper crust of description of this lovely spot, which Nature has treated as she sometimes does her human favorites, lavishing upon it some of her choicest beauties, and collecting within it three springs of the most valuable medicinal qualities, either of which would be sufficient to make the place of its existence famous throughout the length and breadth of the land.

In future letters I shall give you and your readers (may their number increase in proportion to the worth of the *Sentinel!*) such accounts of the charms, mineral, medicinal, (even medicine is charming when taken, as we take it, from the icy cold springs) natural, artificial, societal, and last, though by no means lest, gastronomical, as will, I trust, prove not only amusing in a high degree, but also instructive. Instructive, certainly, to the extent of showing them what a wealth of blessing lies within the borders of the glorious old North State.

But can you not break away from the heat and dust of the city, and come up to appreciate Catawba by individual experience? That staunch paper, the Wilmington *Journal*, is at present most agreeably represented here, though the good people of Wilmington are not permitted to be the losers thereby; for, while the head of the *Journal* is here, his hands are busy in penning the editorials which will grace its columns in their usual manner.

I understand that our Governor, that *Worth-y* man, will shortly leave the cares of office to recuperate here awhile, and then return to Raleigh, all the better fitted for service to the State he loves. Can you not follow the example *in esse* of your confrere, and *in posse* of your Executive? I will engage that you will go away happier and heavier men.

The "red flag," which announces to all who may behold it, that the ladies are in the enjoyment of a bath in the best bathing house this side of what used to be Old Point, has just been hoisted, and I must obey the welcome call. As I pass the spring, I shall stop, pour out a libation to the genius of the place, (Hygeria, I think) drink all sorts of success and prosperity to the *Sentinel*, and assure its Editors, as I do now, that I am, very truly,

F. D.

Correspondence of the Sentinel.

COMPANY SHOPS, July 27, 1867.

It does a man's heart good to see things in his own country, that give evidence of life and energy. It helps to nourish his patriotism. It heightens his State pride. Especially is this the case in times like the present, when the political sky is so dark and cheerless. It gives evidence of an indomitable spirit that cannot be crushed by even adversity.

The traveller, as he halts at the "Company Shops," to have his train overhauled, is little aware of what is going on within a hundred yards of the spot he occupies.—There are industry, ingenuity, skill, energy and enterprise enough to arrest the attention of the public. And after passing through these machine shops, and seeing what I saw, I felt in my heart, that it is a pity but our whole people could afford to cease criticising and spend at least a passing thought upon improving our affairs,—the N. C. R. R. not excepted.

The first busy scene that greets you is the passenger coach building, under the eye of Mr. Sergent, formerly in the employment of the Company, now at work by contract. Few handsomer cars travel on any road, than the one he is now engaged upon. It has all the late improvements, the latest ventilators, springs and seats, and is built of N. C. wood; not the least noticeable is the inside finishing of the native Ash, highly polished. The effect is captivating. It is beautiful; indeed nothing more is needed.

This car, it is said, would cost $5,000, if bought at a regular car factory, North. It is estimated that the cost here will be *under* $3,000, and far better work than the ready made car. No part of this work seems to be slighted.

The next busy scene is the regular Wood department, under the superintendence of Mr. Wm. H. Freet—the department in which the general run of cars is made. Over twenty box cars have been made in this place since January 1st. One mail coach is being thoroughly rebuilt. Each piece of each car is made according to scientific rule, and the notations kept and the car numbered. Then, whenever a car breaks at any point of the road, if they can get information to the shops what is the number of the broken car, and the part broken, a man can readily be dispatched with the duplicate piece, and the repair done on the spot. There are now on the stocks six new box cars, and they are kept in progress with a will and an energy that seem to indicate but little concern about the outside commotion—about registration and the other dozen vexing questions of the day.

Further on in the establishment, are the Locomotive Works, under the direction of Mr. R. D. Wade. There is now in process of building, a new engine, three-fourths finished. It is a locomotive of the first class, strong and perfect in every respect, and all of it made under the roof of the N. C. R. R. shops; even down to each bolt. It is not meant that all but boiler, or all but something else, was made here, and the rest made somewhere else—but *every part* was made here.

It has been proposed to call this engine, when done, "The Old North State." It would be an appropriate name. Richardson, the N. Y. Correspondent, says that an engine is so much like a thing of life, that he never sees one, especially a Western steamer on the Mississippi, without feeling a disposition to lift his hat and bow respectfully to it. When the "Old North State" makes its appearance before the public, it may well receive a hearty greet, not only because it is a noble engine, but a "North Carolina Engine." It would make a North Carolinian proud to see this machine puffing over the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, yet it would be able to do it, and compete with any engine of its calibre.

So far as the eye can judge, nothing could be more faithfully put together, than this Engine, and if *theory* has a right to pass sentence, the proportions appear to be complete. A query: Has a Locomotive ever before been built, literally, in the South?—I have heard not, i. e. not without the exception of at least *some* one piece or more. This new one, it is asserted, will claim a Southern birth from first to last.

The Company Shops, as a town, presents one remarkable *defect*, namely: there is not a church edifice in the place. It has been now a good number of years since the existence of the Shops began. It now numbers hundreds of inhabitants, and by no means immoral people. There are day schools and a Sabbath school. The face of the town is decidedly prepossessing—good houses, neat places, everywhere. But not a spire points the sinner to heaven. Tell it not in Gath. Let not the world know that we have a town as old and as large, destitute of a church building.

The case is a singular one. The inhabitants of this place are chiefly engaged in railroading. They come and go, and, with perhaps a few exceptions, do not reside many years here. So that it is hardly to be expected that, as temporary residents, they would build churches, but is there not christianity enough in the various denominations to build at least one church edifice here, that the people may have the advantage of a place of worship on Sabbath?

The Company Shops Hotel is changing hands, to-day. High hopes are entertained of a good house. It goes into the hands of Mrs. Rosa Jeffreys, of Raleigh, formerly of Cooke's Hotel. The Hotel at the Shops is a handsome building, and it is a pity there is so little travel, and so little patronage.—But a real good table has a peculiar power of drawing custom, and is sure to get a fair proportion of whatever travel there is a-going. So if Mrs. Jeffreys wants a good custom, she must have a good table, for these two good things cannot be seperated.

"The Company Shops" is an odd name for a town. An effort was made, some time ago, to call it *Vance*, but it is hard to do away with a name, when it once gets fairly started.

Formerly it was hard to get a building lot here; the way is open now, however.—And there is some inducement for settlers; the place on the whole is in a growing condition, it is healthy, and business is generally good.

Yours,

ITINERANT.

WHAT THE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE LEARNED FROM CAMERON.—One thing the committee did do was to establish the fact that Mr. Johnson's North Carolina proclamation was identically the policy which had been determined upon by his predecessor as his own; in short, that the original draft of that proclamation was that of the identical one intended to be issued by Mr. Lincoln himself.—*Sun.*

THE PRESIDENCY.—At a meeting of the Union Republican General Committee of New York, on Tuesday evening, General Grant was nominated as the choice of the party for the next Presidency, subject to the decision of the Republican National Convention.

THE ELECTION IN KENTUCKY.—On the first Monday in August the election in Kentucky for Governor and other State officers, members of the Legislature and county officers, will be held.

Lemuel G. Perry, a student of Brown University, died last week of abscess brought on by excessive exercise at the time of the University match game of base-ball between the students of Harvard and Brown, some two weeks since.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

20 BUNDLES HOOP IRON—1 and 1¼ inches.
July 29-300-tf J. BROWN.
With HART & LEWIS.

FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR!
100 Sacks N. C. new Flour.
On consignment,
B. F. WILLIAMSON & CO.
July 29-300-tf
Standard and Progress copy.

NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that, at the ensuing session of the General Assembly of N. C., application will be made for the incorporation of the "*Scotland Neck and Halifax Rail Road and Steamboat Transportation Company.*"
July 29-300-tf

WESTERN N. C. R. R.
JULY 24th, 1867.
THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the "Western North Carolina Rail Road Company," will be held at Salisbury, on the last Thursday (29th.) of August.
A special train will be run each way on that day for the accommodation of Stockholders *only*, who will procure tickets of the Agents.
R. F. SIMONTON, Sec'y.
July 29-w4t

WANTED.
Two Virginia Gentlemen wish to take charge of a large Male Academy in one of the Southern States.
They will teach such languages and such branches of the English language as are usually taught in first class schools.
Good references given as to character and qualifications.
Address, at Burnt Ordinary, James City Co., Va., GEO. A. FIGGOTT,
or R. H. BUSH, M. D.
July 29-300-2aw1m*

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,
NEWBERN, N. C.
AGENTS IN NORTH CAROLINA
FOR
HORACE L. EMERY & SONS' PATENT Universal Cotton Gins and Condensers, Lever and Railway Horse Powers;
Ingersoll's Cotton and Hay Presses,
The most improved Cotton Planters and Plows.
March 28—1t

MASON'S PATENT
FRUIT JARS, 1 and 2 quarts,
For Sale by the single one, or dozen.
J. BROWN.
Raleigh, June 12-269-tf With HART & LEWIS.

HARDWARE!
TO CLOSE OUT MY STOCK OF HARDware, I offer to the trade, at reduced price, the following invoice:
2 Doz. Elephant Axes, each 4½ 5¼lbs, 4½ 6lbs., 5-6¼lbs.
3 Doz. No 8 Cards, Cotton,
2 Doz. No. 6 Cards, Wool
2 Doz. Weeding Hoes, each 1, 2 3, 4,
1 Doz. Hilling Hoes, each 1, 2, 3, 4,
1 Doz. S. H. Pitch Forks,
3 Doz. Rowland Shovels,
1 Doz. Spades,
1 Doz. Grub Hoes,
4 Doz. Fry Pans, each 1, 93-75, 2,14.50, 3,45 60.
50 lbs. Hook and Eye Hinges,
These articles will be sold low and on accommodating terms, for negotiable paper.
DOUGLAS BELL.
July 27-299-tf

M. CRONLY, AUCTIONEER,
BY
CRONLY & MORRIS.

CUBA MOLASSES!
CUBA MOLASSES!!
AT
AUCTION
ON FRIDAY, AUGUST 2ND., WE WILL SELL, at public Auction, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on our lower wharf, foot of Orange street, the entire Cargo of the Brig. John Balch, (just arrived from Cardenas,) consisting of
189 HHDS. PRIME CLAYED CUBA MOLASSES.
25 TIERCES " (BRIGHT AND HEAVY) Do.
The whole being sweet and in fine order, contained in bright new packages, with iron head hoops, and imported expressly for the Summer trade.
Terms at Sale.
WORTH & DANIEL.
Wilmington, July 27-299-5t

"A Policy of Life Insurance is the Cheapest and Safest mode of making Certain Provision for one's Family."
BENJ. FRANKLIN.

MANHATTAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING ACCEPTED the Agency of this long and well established Life Insurance Company, are prepared to take risks on lives on as favorable terms as any sole Company in the United States.
Invest a small sum (which you would not otherwise lay aside) in a Life Policy, and you have thus made certain provision for your family in case of death.
JNO. G. WILLIAMS & CO.
Agents.
Dr. E. BURKE HAYWOOD, Medical Examiner.—Office hours from 12 M. to 2 P. M.
July 27-220-3m

RALEIGH AND GASTON RAIL ROAD. 1867
Through Freight Tariff
NORTH AND SOUTH,
BY THE AIR LINE ROUTE!
WE are now prepared to ship all kinds of Freight through to New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore, on through bills of lading, giving through receipts, at the lowest rate.
THIS IS THE LINE FOR SHIPPERS.
Your Goods will be handled only once.
Through connections close, no delay, time and expense less than by any other route. Insurance trifling compared with other routes. We take goods to and from Columbia, S. C., and all intermediate stations, with more promptness and dispatch than any Express Company at about one-fourth the cost.
TAKE NOTICE.
Persons shipping goods South will ship through the following agents and by the following named Steamship Companies and no other.
FROM NEW YORK,
By the Old Dominion Steamship Co., N. L. McCready, President, Office No. 187, Greenwich Street, Corner Dey Street, Pier 37 North River, New York.
FROM BALTIMORE,
By the Baltimore Steam Packet Company, L. B. Parks, Agent, foot of Union Dock, and the Powhatan Steam Boat Company, J. Brandt, Jr., office 90 Light Street wharf,
FROM PHILADELPHIA,
By the Philadelphia and Norfolk Steamship Co., W. B. Clyde & Co., Agents, No. 14 North Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia, and Via. Annamessic line.
FROM BOSTON,
By the Boston and Norfolk Steamship Co., E. Sampson & Co., Agents, end of Central Wharf, Boston.
Consign your goods to Rail Road Agents, Portsmouth, Va., City Point and Petersburg, Va. Goods coming this way must be so marked.
C. B. ALLEN,
July 26-226-tf Freight Agt R & G R R.

FOR SALE.
In the town of Newton, on the Western N. C. R. R., and near the celebrated Catawba White Sulphur Springs,
A HALF ACRE LOT ON MAIN ST.
one square from the Court House, with good Dwelling containing six rooms, office, stables and other out buildings, with a well of very good water.
Also, within the town limits,
NINE ACRES OF LAND,
five of which are well timbered with Oak and Hickory.
For particulars, apply to
L. M. SUDDUTH,
July 24-226-2w* Newton, N. C.

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE NORTH AMERICA
LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANY.
New Features and Advantages Which are Known as Belonging to no Other Company in the United States.
THE MANAGEMENT OF THIS COMPANY IS upon the Mutual Benefit System—the accumulated profits going to the assured.
This company makes a special deposit with the Insurance Department of the State, for which Registered policies are issued if desired, countersigned by the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New York, certifying that such policies are secured by pledge of public stocks.
No other Company gives the assured a guarantee of this character or anything equivalent.
Thirty days' of grace are allowed on all renewed premiums, and the policy remains valid and in full force during that time.
No restrictions as to travel or residence abroad at any season of the year, outside the tropics, which gives a nearly world-wide and unconditional policy.
No higher rate of premium charged for stationary Engineers, Conductors, Baggage Masters, Mail Agents, nor in consequence of change of employment after the policy is issued.
Notes are not required by this Company, but a loan may be obtained on the policy for one-third of the annual premium, which is cancelled by the profits applied as dividends.
Joint policies, including man and wife, are issued by this Company, and the amount insured is payable to the survivor on the death of either.
Our dividend, January 1st, 1866, was 45 per cent.
Dividends are declared annually, and paid on settlement of 4th. Annual Premium, on all our plans upon the full amount of premiums received.
Premiums may be paid annually, semi-annually or quarterly.
All policies issued by this Company are non-forfeiting, after two, in some instances, and three annual payments in others.
The per centage of premium receipts in 1865, over 1864, was 251 per cent; which is nearly double that of any other New York company.
Policies incontestable from any cause except on account of fraud.
For insurance in this Company apply to
P. H. CAMERON,
Agent for State of North Carolina, Wilmington,
or SEATON GALES,
July 4-280-eod3m Agent for Raleigh.

LIFE INSURANCE.
THE
CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANY
OF HARTFORD, CONN.
HAS NO STOCK CAPITAL; THE FIFTEEN Million Dollars, assets, all belong to, and are under the control of, its Policy holders, which now exceed 44,000, and notwithstanding the payment of a sixty per cent dividend last year, and over 1,020,000 dollars to widows and orphans, there is now a surplus of over
6,000,000 DOLLARS.
This Company's Notes cannot be *assessed*, (nor even deducted from the Policy, as in a Stock Company, in case of death,) except on the limited endowment plan, but are canceled by anticipated dividends.
All policies non-forfeitable by their terms
No extra charge made on policy holders, except only where the risk is extra hazardous.
The undersigned will take pleasure in explaining and proving any of his statements.
☞ All persons contemplating Life Insurance are requested, and will find it to their interest, to contrast other Companies, represented in this State, with the Conn. Mutual, as published in the Reports of the Insurance Commissioners of New York and Massachusetts.
SAMUEL D. WAIT,
General Agent for N. C.
Office with P. F. PESCUD, Agent for Raleigh and vicinity.
July 18-293-3m

MISCELLANEOUS.
TURNER'S N. C. ALMANAC,
FOR 1868.
HAVING SECURED FROM THE PARTIES, (who alone have the right to publish Turner's North Carolina Almanac,) the exclusive privilege of selling the same in this State, we would therefore give notice that this is the only "*Turner's Almanac*" authorised to be published in this State. The Almanac is now in preparation and will be issued in a short time. All who wish to supply themselves with the well known and long established "Turner's N. C. Almanac," are solicited to send in their orders early.
A liberal discount made to dealers.
Address,
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
Booksellers and Stationers
Opposite National Bank.
Raleigh, July 26-298-tf

WAKE FOREST COLLEGE.
ALL APPLICANTS ARE RECEIVED WHO are actually prepared for the collegiate course in one or all of its Departments, or who are intending to prepare for the same.
The Collegiate course may be pursued with reference to an education purely Scientific or purely Classical. Each of the leading degrees conferred at graduation, however, requires such a blending of the studies of both branches, as will entitle its receiver to take rank as a scholar.
A student, provided he be fully employed, may devote himself to any one of the four Departments exclusively, and upon satisfactorily completing the studies of that Department will receive a degree of Proficient therein. The Faculty, however, recommend all whose time and talents will allow, to diversify their studies as far as possible. None under age are permitted to change the course selected without written instruction from parents or guardians.
THE DEPARTMENTS ARE:
I. Of Languages Ancient and Modern, } Prof. W. Royall and Adj. Prof. W. B. Royall.
II. Of Mathematics, } Prof. W. G. Simmons and Adj. Prof. L. R. Mills.
III. Nat. Science—Prof W. G. Simmons.
IV. Of Belles Lettres—President W. M. Wingate.
The Fall Term opens on 1st. day of Sept. 1867.
Tuition (Fall Term) in Preparatory School $22.00.
" " " Collegiate Course $30.00.
Board (table fare) per month $10, 12½ and 15.
Room rent, servant's hire, lights, washing, and fuel are extra, and may be had on reasonable terms.
W. ROYALL, Sec. Fac.
June 29-275-d1aw2m

NOW IS YOUR CHANCE!
AT COST!!
FOR THIRTY DAYS ONLY!!!
IN consequence of the daily decline of Goods, I have resolved to offer to the Public,
AT COST,
all of my fine and well selected stock of
DRESS GOODS,
of every description
PRINTS,
of the newest patterns
SHIRTINGS and SHEETINGS,
of the most celebrated brands,
HATS and BONNETS,
of the latest styles,
RIBBONS, TRIMMINGS, FLOWERS, &c.,
in great variety.
SILK SACQUES AND MANTLES,
Hosiery, Gloves, Hoop and Balmoral Skirts, &c. &c.
Together with a full and complete stock of Ladies', Misses' and Children's
SHOES,
of the best make,
TRUNKS and VALISES,
for Ladies and Gentlemen.
Remember this is no humbug, as the above Goods will be sold
AT COST,
For thirty days only;
And you will not have another chance very soon to buy your goods as cheap.
Come one and all, and look at the prices for yourself.
M. ROSENBAUM'S
Raleigh, July 2-277-tf

JOHN W. HINSDALE,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
No. 2, Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.
PRACTICES in the State and Federal Courts, and in the Court of Bankrupcy for the 3d Congressional District.
Prompt attention given to all business intrusted to his care. Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.
July 23-294-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.
JOS. F. HELLEN. EUG. M. WILLIAMS.
HELLEN & WILLIAMS,
GROCERS AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
COURT HOUSE BUILDING,
NEWBERN, N. C.
July 19-294-6m

MISSES' HEELED KID SLIPPERS,
WITH ROSETTES,
Sizes 11 to 1,—at 75c per pair
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
July 19-294-tf

LADIES' SEWED MORROCO BOOTEES, $1.25 to $1.50.
ALSO,
A large stock of Shoes, which we are closing out at greatly *reduced prices*.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
July 19-294-tf

WILLIAM LAMB,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,
NORFOLK, Va.
FOR the sale of Cotton, Tobacco—Lugs, Strips, Smoking and Leaf—Wheat, Flour, Corn, Dried Fruit, and all other country products,
In the Markets of
NORFOLK, LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.
Also Agents for Norfolk & Liverpool Steamers.
LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS.
I have secured the services of Mr. C. E. DUNN, of NORTH CAROLINA, who will call on his friends and acquaintances in Central and Western Carolina, and he will be pleased to give all desired information to those addressing him, care of B. F. WILLIAMSON & CO., Raleigh, N. C.
July 19-294-2m

LIME.
An excellent quality of Lime, suitable for fertilizing purposes can be had at Salisbury at $11.00 per long Ton, or $12.00 at Catawba Station.
Apply to
POWELL, WILSON & CO.
Catawba Station, N. C.
June 26-271-6m

WARM SPRINGS,
MADISON COUNTY, N. C.
THIS pleasant Summer Resort has been newly refitted, and is now open for visitors.

Board, per Month	$50 00
" " Week	15 00
" " Day	3 00

July 17-292-4w

FOR SALE.
The Subscriber has for sale a fine yoke of OXEN, and CART. Also, two or three good Milk Cows, that he will sell on moderate terms.
W. GASTON BANKS.
Clayton, N. C. July 12-288-2w

FARMER'S HALL,
RALEIGH, N. C.
In store, at manufacturers' prices with freight only added:
Sinclair's 20 Inch Wheat Thresher,
" " Dixie Wheat Fan,
Clemmons, Brown & Co's Cotton Gin,
Sinclair's & Smith's celebrated Cutting Knives,
March's Cotton Plows and Corn and Cotton Cultivators,
Smiths' New Coulter Corn Cultivators,
Richmond Kentucky, No. 0, and T. S. Plows and Castings,
Scully's Improved Apple Mill, and Cider Press &c.
Orders for any implements solicited and goods sent to any point on the Rail Roads.
JAMES M TOWLES,
Agent & Commission Merchant.
July 16-291-tf.

GREATEST BARGAINS
OF THE SEASON.
2000 Yds. Calicoes, fast Colors, 10 and 12½c.
1,000 Yds. Fine Pacific Lawns, 1400 Cloth, 20c.
3-4 Lenos—good styles, 25 to 30c.
Shepherd plaid Mozambiques, 30 to 40c.
6-4 Linens—6 yards makes a full dress, at 60c.
CALL AND TAKE A LOOK
before we sell them all out
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Raleigh, July 22-295-tf

GREAT REDUCTION
IN THE PRICES OF
DOMESTIC GOODS.
Good bleached Shirtings, 12½c, 15c and 20c.
4-4 Brown Sheetings, 15 to 18c.
Good 10-4 Bleached Sheetings, 60c.
WE OFFER OUR
ENTIRE STOCK
AT GREATLY REDUCED
PRICES.
Call and see for yourselves.
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Raleigh, July 22-295-tf

SITUATIONS WANTED.
Two ladies of experience and ability desire situations as Teachers. They are prepared to teach Music, Latin and French, with the English branches.
Best of references given, if required.
Address
July 25-296-2aw2w* P. O., Box 9, Goldsboro, N. C.

N. C. LEAF LARD.
Perfectly sweet and beautiful,
at
July 25-297-tf JENKINS & PERRY'S.

WE HAVE A SECOND HAND BUGGY AND Harness for sale, cheap.
JENKINS & PERRY.
July 25-297-tf

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.
A small DWELLING HOUSE, in the north-western portion of the City, is offered for sale.
For particulars, enquire at the office of NICHOLS, GORMAN & NEATHERY.
July 25-297-tf

ALMANACS FOR 1868.
WE SHALL HAVE
NORTH CAROLINA ALMANACS
ready for our customers in due time for the Fall and Winter trade.
The matter and style will be better than usual, and the price cheap to suit the times.
BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
July 25-297-tf

LANDRETH'S
FRESH TURNIP SEED,
(CROP OF 1867.)

Early Flat Dutch	Turnip,
" Red Top	Do.
" Snow Ball	Do.
Large Pomeranian Globe	Do.
" Norfolk	Do.
Purple Top Ruta Baga	Do.

Just received at the Drug stores of
WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD.
July 24-296-tf

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A *square* will be hereafter estimated at 13 minion lines, or 1¼ inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less	
than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	2,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	3,00
One square two months	10,00
Each additional "	3,50
One square three months	12,00
Each additional "	4,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 15 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

MONDAY, JULY 29, 1867.

TO ADVERTISERS.—The public will find the *Sentinel* one of the best mediums of advertising in the State. Its circulation covers a larger area, perhaps, than any other paper.

CAPT. R. A. SHOTWELL, of Newbern, is our authorized agent to receive subscriptions and advertising for the *Sentinel* in Craven, Carteret, Jones and Onslow. He will spend the summer at Morehead City and Beaufort, and will give us the news from that section.

OUR CORRESPONDENCE.

No paper in the State, we are proud to say, enjoys so rich, able and varied a correspondence as the *Sentinel*. This feature we regard as one of the best assurances which a public journal can give of its vitality and general interest. Nothing more entitles it to patronage. It has long been our purpose to make the *Sentinel* the medium of the best minds in the State, for the discussion of all subjects interesting to the public. We have had it constantly in our mind's eye to secure the ablest pens in the discussion of politics, agriculture, literature and science in all its branches—to make our paper a vehicle for legal, political and scientific exegeses, literary criticism, and, in all other respects, to render it a thorough newspaper. This object, however, cannot be accomplished without a large patronage. Money is required to pay for these valuable contributions and to secure the services of the best writers.—We deeply regret that the severity of the times, and the heavy demands for the support of those connected with the publication of the *Sentinel*, have kept our purse dry, though few journals in the State have had so much cause to be grateful for the patronage it has received.

To do more than we have been doing, for our readers, requires a large increase of the extensive patronage we have already received. Our Daily and Semi-Weekly should at least double their lists of paying subscribers, and our Weekly should be more than quadrupled. Will our friends throughout the State assist us warmly and energetically, in increasing our circulation, so as to secure the object of making the SENTINEL what we have designed and desired to make it?

We have three valued regular correspondents now, whose talents render them fully competent to delight and entertain our readers. "Itinerant" is, perhaps, unequalled in picking up facts, useful and important. Our "Tide Water" contributor shows that he possesses the tact and talent for a rich and racy correspondent; and to-day we introduce a new correspondent,—"P. D." who is already well known and appreciated in literary circles, as a gifted poetess and novelist, and who will be sure to interest a large class of our readers. Now we are anxious to pay these correspondents and to pay them *well*; but this we cannot do and secure a continuance of their favors, unless our friends generally will interest themselves in enlarging our circulation. Will they not do it? Almost every intelligent citizen of the State feels the necessity of having a first class paper at Raleigh, superior in all respects to what the *Sentinel* has been, and beyond anything of the kind we have had in the State. We feel that we are precisely in the position, and have the industry, at least, to bring out such a paper, aided by the talent of the State, if we can command the money to do it. We do not ask for contributions in money. We only ask for patronage—for the reward of our labor.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Notice of application to the Legislature is given, for the charter of the "Scotland Neck and Halifax Railroad and Steamboat Transportation Co."

Two Virginia gentlemen, well qualified, wish to take charge of a large Male Academy in one of the Southern States.

Agricultural Ware-House, Labor-Saving Pupp, &c.: Mitchell, Allen & Co., Newbern.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Western North Carolina Railroad Company will be held at Salisbury, on the 29th, of August.

Twenty bundles Hoop Iron: J. Brown, (with Hart & Lewis.)

One hundred sacks new N. C. Flour: B. P. Williamson & Co.

ENNIS' BOOK STORE.—We are indebted to the proprietor of the "North Carolina Bookstore," for a copy of "Nojoque," sent us by the author. We have heretofore noticed this extraordinary work. It is for sale at the North Carolina Bookstore.

Also, a splendid copy of Frank Leslie's Ladies' Magazine and Gazette of Fashion, for August. This is a monthly of much merit and it is highly embellished. Its fashion plates are excellent. It is regularly for sale by Mr. Ennis.

MOVEMENTS OF CAVALRY.—It is rumored that a considerable portion of the Cavalry, at present on duty in this State, has been ordered to Tennessee, in view of the troubles in that unhappy State, caused by Brownlow and his militia. It is a suggestive spectacle, that troops should be withdrawn from a 'rebel State,' 'out of the Union,' and sent to a "loyal State," "in the Union," to maintain peace and preserve order.

"IGNORANCE IS BLISS."—We have heard of but one happy man in all the breadth of the United States, for the last seven years. We published the statement, on Saturday, on the outside of the Daily, but the fact that there is one man in the United States, who *has* been a happy man for the last seven years, deserves special and prominent notice.

It is a Mr. Conway, who resides on the Cheat Mountains, in West Virginia, twenty miles from any living inhabitant. He says he never heard of the war or of the troubles of the country. He heard some years ago that "a little fuss" had been kicked up about something, but he had remained at home with his wife, spending his time hunting and fishing, and had not seen even the Sheriff or his deputies, having paid no taxes, or worried himself either with the nation's or other people's affairs.—Happy man! he knew nothing of the troubles of other people, and had but few, if any, of his own to annoy him.

Cannot our friend Stokes, of the Asheville *News*, bring out another such case from the Mountain fastnesses of North Carolina? We heard of a case in that region, a few years ago, in which one of those happy men happened to be visited by a candidate for some office, who "loved the dear people," and who, while engaged in conversation, casually referred to the great *Washington* and his death, when the old mountaineer, deeply affected by the intelligence, earnestly enquired, "*why is he dead?*" That old man's heart was sad for once, for he had hoped that Washington would never die.

AN ITEM.—An incident took place in Congress, on the day of its adjournment, that has not found its way into the papers, but which, we learn from a private source, actually occurred. "Old Ben Wade" presided in the Senate, on that day, clad in a *full suit of grey*. Not the modest North-Carolina Rock-Island cassimere, which was so objectionable in Gov. Worth, but the fine grey of the Confederate officer's uniform! What is this world coming to! Is "old Ben" disloyal, too?

STATE NEWS.

—— Brevet Maj. Gen. Miles, Assistant Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau for this State, has sent to Washington a report detailing the operations of the Bureau for the last month. In it, we find the following commendable mention:

"There is a class of persons in this State who are the innocent sufferers by the late war, and whose condition is deplorable, and who are the objects of great pity. These are the poor white women and children left widows and orphans, their fathers, husbands, and brothers having been killed or crippled during the rebellion. They are counted by thousands, and are now living on charity, and the future presents no brighter prospects for them. They must live in idleness and want for the remainder of their lives, or until capital and enterprise are brought to this State. Here there is no employment for them. Hundreds have gone into the fields and endeavored to earn enough to sustain life, but their feeble constitutions soon break down under the burning sun. If this class of people were in any of our manufacturing towns in New England, they could be enabled to fill a sphere of usefulness, and enjoy all the comforts of life, and at the same time give to their children the advantages of education which are denied in their present position. If employment could be guaranteed them in any part of the country, this Bureau would furnish them with transportation and they would gladly leave these scenes of want and sorrow."

—— Col. Fremont, Chief Engineer and Superintendent of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, has put on an extra accommodation train to run between Goldsboro' and Weldon tri-weekly, leaving Goldsboro' at half past one o'clock in the day, on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, arriving at Weldon at 9 o'clock. Returning, leave Weldon at 5 o'clock in the morning, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, arriving at Goldsboro' at half-past twelve.

—— There were 195 marriage licenses issued in Beaufort County, from June 5, 1866, to June 5, 1867.

—— Mr. Froelick, of Kenansville, Duplin County, has presented the editors of the Wilmington *Journal* with samples of *five* different varieties of the grape, produced in his vineyard viz: The Delaware, Ions, Black Hamburg, Concord and the Wild Bunch; the latter having been procured from the woods and cultivated by him. They are all fine specimens, says the *Journal*, and go to show what can be done with the Grape vine when proper care is taken.

—— The Proprietors of the Wilmington *Dispatch*, as heretofore announced by telegraph, have sold out that establishment to a company, who design converting the paper into a "Republican" journal. Messrs. Robinson and Smith, in retiring, carry with them our best wishes for success in their future pursuits. They have conducted an able and sprightly paper. We make the following extract from their valedictory:

"They have sold the establishment, and after this issue will suspend publication.—They abandon their expectations of success only when not to relinquish them would be to play a game of desperation. The publication of these facts, they think, is due to themselves and to the supporters of the paper. They have endeavored to perform their obligations to the public faithfully, and they quit the tripod satisfied with their course, assured that they have made more friends of the right sort, and, they say it proudly, more enemies of the mean sort, during their brief connection with the press, than they could have hoped to have made, in any other station, in a life time."

—— J. M. Cross, Esq., has sold his interest in the Concord *Press* to Mr. J. O. H. Nutall, who makes a neat salutatory bow.

The census of the Cherokee nation amounts only to 13,156—a falling off of 20,000 since the last enumeration.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Saturday Evening Dispatches.

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS—SHERIDAN.

WASHINGTON, July 27—M.

The Custom receipts for the week ending 20th inst. are $2,500,000.

The rumor concerning Sheridan's transfer to other duty is gaining credence.

MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, July 27,—M.

Cotton firm 27@27½.

Turpentine steady. 58.

Gold $1,40. Virginia sixes, new issue, $51@52. Georgia sevens 88½@88¾. Tennessee sixes, coupons, 68. New issue 67½.

LIVERPOOL, July 27, M.

Cotton firm and active. Sales 12,000 bales. Uplands 10¾. Orleans 10¾.

LONDON, July 27, M.

Consols 94. Bonds 72¾.

Monday Morning Dispatches.

RICHMOND RADICALS.

RICHMOND, July 28.

A meeting was held yesterday of the citizens of Henrico County, Mr. Franklin Stearns, President. Delegates were appointed to the August Convention.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, July 27.

Ex-King Otho, of Greece, has died of the measles.

VIENNA, July 28.

The Sultan has arrived and is the guest of the Emperor Francis Joseph.

The official journal, of this city, says it is the right and interest of Napoleon to enforce the treaty of Prague. The same paper says that the Czar has sent letters to the King of Prussia to the same effect.

THE SURRATT TRIAL AND OTHER WASHINGTON NEWS.

WASHINGTON, July 28.

The testimony in the Surratt case closed and the arguments commenced yesterday. Judge Fisher ruled upon the motion to strike out testimony. He admits all in relation to the attack on Seward and the intended attack on President Johnson, as a part of the same transaction that resulted in the murder of Lincoln. The testimony of Surratt shooting Union prisoners was admitted as showing malice. The evidence as to Jacob Thompson's complicity was ruled out.

Mr. Carrington made the opening speech, addressing the Court on the five legal points submitted. He spoke three hours and will continue his remarks to the Jury on Monday. He will probably occupy the whole day. Bradley and Merrick will follow for the defence. Pierpont will close. The speeches will occupy all of this week.

The remaining portion of Table Rock, at Niagara, was blown away yesterday.

Revenue receipts yesterday, $735,000.

It is reported here that 5,000 Coolies are expected to arrive at New Orleans, under contracts made by a Commissioner of the Celestial government, with certain planters in Alabama, Louisiana and Texas.

It is reported that Gen Sickles has arrested several military officers in his department for meddling in politics.

Senor Romero, the Mexican Minister, departs on leave of absence next month for home. He has been on duty here eight years.

SHERIDAN RE-INSTATES HIS LEVEE COMMISSIONERS.

NEW ORLEANS, July 28, P. M.

An order was issued from Headquarters yesterday, renewing the functions of the Board of Levee Commissioners appointed by Sheridan, and ordering them to commence operations immediately.

APPOINTMENT BY GEN. SICKLES.

CHARLESTON, July 28, P. M.

The term of Sheriff Dent, of Columbia, having expired, Gen. Sickles has issued an order appointing F. M. Green to succeed him, and requiring the latter to take the test oath.

RADICAL NEWSPAPERS IN AUGUSTA.

AUGUSTA, July 28, P. M.

The *Loyal Georgian* has ceased to exist. The editor, in his valedictory, says that every effort was made to raise money but failed. When on the point of suspending publication, a few wealthy Union men of the city proposed to form a new company, buy out the *Daily Press* and establish a new paper called the *National Republican*. Both papers were merged and the *Republican* appeared this morning, published by the Georgia publishing association.

The Editor, in his salutatory, says he will advocate restoration on the Republican platform.

The new Association has a large patronage, and the stockholders represent the leading political and business interests of the city.

MARKETS AND FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, July 27, P. M.

Cotton a shade firmer and less active. Sales 100 bales 27@27¼.

Flour declined. State $7,95@8 11. Corn, Western mixed, $1,02@1,05.

Mess Pork $23,68.

Naval stores quiet.

Stocks continue excited, tending strongly upward. Erie sold as high as 77½, closing at 76¾.

BALTIMORE, July 27,—P. M.

Cotton quiet, scarce and firm. Middling Uplands 27.

Flour in good demand. City Mills, extra, $11,50@12.

WILMINGTON, July 27,—P. M.

Spirits Turpentine advanced and firm 53½. Rosin steady, $2,60@5,50.

At last accounts, all foreign representatives, except the American consul, were preparing to leave the City of Mexico.

Straitened circumstances have compelled Stonewall Jackson's widow to sell the General's war horse to a citizen of Macon, Ga. It was presented to the General by the citizens of Augusta county, Va.

Hon. John Bell, the venerable statesman of Tennessee, is better, and hopes are entertained of his recovery.

Hon. C. C. Herbert, a member of the Confederate Congress, and recently elected to the United States Congress, was shot and instantly killed in a bar room dispute in a Texas town recently.

44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET, RALEIGH.

Fine Ivory Handled Knives and Forks;
Fine " Handled Dinner and Tea Knives, only;
Plated Forks, Table and Tea Spoons.

ALSO,

Spirits Turpentine.

J. BROWN,
July 27-299-tf With HART & LEWIS.

CHARLOTTE FEMALE INSTITUTE,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

REV. R. BURWELL,
JOHN B. BURWELL, A. M. } Principals.

THE next Session commences on the 1st. day of October and continues until 30th. June, 1868.

For Circular and Catalogue, containing full particulars as to terms, &c., address,

REV. R. BURWELL & SON,
Charlotte, July 12-288-3awtOct 1.

OXFORD FEMALE ACADEMY,

GRANVILLE COUNTY, N. C.

REV. H. G. HILL, PRINCIPAL.

THE Fall Session opens Thursday, the 25th. July 1867.

Circulars forwarded upon application.

June 19-265-2aw6w

VINE HILL ACADEMY.

A Vacancy having occured in the above institution, the Trustees wish to engage teachers for the male and female departments for the balance of the year.

Application must be made immediately, as it is desirable that the school shall commence by the 15th. August.

Address the undersigned at Halifax, N. C.

WM. R. SMITH, Prest.
Scotland Neck, N. C. July 16-291-2aw1m.

DAVENPORT FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE SUMMER AND FALL TERM OF THIS Institution opens the 3rd. of July 1867, with a full corps of experienced teachers.

Board $11.00 per month.

Tuition the same as in other Institutions of like grade.

For Catalogue address,

J. R. GRIFFITH,
July 11-287-co2w Lenoir, Caldwell Co. N. C.

FINANCIAL CIRCULAR

THOS. BRANCH & CO., Richmond, Va. BRANCH, SONS & CO., Augusta, Ga.

REPORTED BY

THOS. BRANCH & SONS,

Bankers and Commission Merchants, Petersburg, Va.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Bank of Cape Fear	26
" Charlotte	24½
" Clarendon	4
" Commerce	16
" Fayetteville	10
" Lexington	16
" " at Graham	23
" North Carolina	46
" Roxboro'	53
" Thomasville	52
" Wadesborough	24
" Washington	14
" Wilmington	24
" Yanceyville	9
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	23
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina	25
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	6
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	55
Miners' and Planters' Bank	35

We pay corresponding high prices for other Bank notes.

Prices liable to change and pay the best rate the day received.

Packages received by Express and remitted for promptly in Currency or New York funds, free of cost.

July 18-293-tf

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26)	G. B. 45
" Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	23
" Lexington, at Graham	20
" Roxborough	50
" Wadesborough	24
" Thomasville	50
" Wilmington	21
" Commerce	14
" Washington	10
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	7
Miners' and Planter's Bank	30
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	24
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	20
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	50
Greensborough Mutual	5
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	25
Georgia "	23
Gold	135
Silver	130
Old Coupons	55
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	87½
Old Sixes	70
Exchange on New York	¼

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	45c
" Cape Fear	26
" Charlotte	24
" at Graham	24
" Wilmington	24
" Roxboro	55
" Thomasville	55
" Lexington at Graham	23
" " Lexington	16
" Commerce	16
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	10
" Washington	12
" Yanceyville	9
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	55
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro	25
Miners' and Planters' Bank	35
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	23
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co.	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	28
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c, will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

July 20-286-3m*

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JENKINS & PERRY, RALEIGH, N. C.

BACON	18@25
" BALT. & WESTERN	18@20
BEEF ON HOOF	8@9
" NETT	10@20
BUTTER	25@30
COTTON	19
CHICKENS, Spring	15@35
" Grown	25@50
CORN	1 40@1 50
COFFEE	25@30
EGGS	10@15
FLOUR	14 00@20 00
FODDER	1 50
HERRINGS	5@7½@12
HIDES—Green	10c per lb.
" Dry	12½
HAY	81 pr. cwt.
LARD	18@20
MEAL	1 45@1 50
MOLASSES	75
NAILS	7@8 10
PEAS—Stock	1 40@1 50
POTATOES—Irish	1 75@2 25
" Sweet	1@1 50
RAGS	4@6
SALT	4 00@4 25
SUGAR	15@17
TALLOW	10
VINEGAR	50@75

REMARKS.

Very little Cotton being brought to market and sales dull at above quotations. Corn scarce and in demand. Flour declining in consequence of quantity of new crop being brought to market.

SPECIAL NOTICES

Gent's ready made CLOTHING and FURNISHING Goods,

AT COST

For thirty days only,

at M. ROSENBAUM'S.

July 2-277-tf

YOUR LAST CHANCE!

Only two more cases of those find CALF BOOTS at $4,00.

at M. ROSENBAUM'S.

July 2-277-tf

LIME, PLASTER, CEMENT AND HAIR.

A Large Supply always on hand and for sale on most favorable terms by

WORTH & DANIEL,
Wilmington, N. C.

P. S. MONTHLY RECEIPTS OF FRESH LIME FROM MAINE.

July 11-287-6m

BEST KEROSINE OIL.

Lamps and Wicks.
6 doz. Collins & Co's Axes.

J. BROWN,
July 24-296-tf With HART & LEWIS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CONCORD FEMALE COLLEGE.

The next Session will commence on the first Monday of September and will close on the 20th. of December.

Partial payments will be required in advance. Ninety dollars paid in advance will settle the whole account for tuition, board and contingent fee for the session.

Moderate extra charges will be made for Music, Latin, French, Drawing and Ornamental Penmanship.

For Circulars, address,

J. M. H. CALDWELL,
July 25-297-1w&5w Statesville, N. C.

WASHINGTON COLLEGE,

LEXINGTON, VIRGINIA.

GEN. R. E. LEE, President, aided by a corps of twenty Instructors, including a Professor of Law.

The next session will begin on 3rd. Thursday in September, and end on 3rd. Thursday in June.

Lexington may be reached by stage from Staunton or Goshen on the Virginia Central Rail Road; from Lynchburg by Canal, or by stage from Bocksville on the Va. & Tenn. Rail Road.

For further particulars apply to Clerk of the Faculty for Catalogue.

July 2-276-6w

COLLEGES AND SCHOOLS.

LOUISBURG FEMALE COLLEGE,

FRANKLIN Co., N. C.

The Fall Session will begin on the *Fourth Wednesday* in July.

Superior advantages are here offered to a limited number of pupils. Location pleasant and healthful. Course of study extensive. Instruction thorough and systematic. Standard of attainments high. Religious advantages ample. Terms reasonable. For Catalogues containing full particulars, apply to

T. M. JONES,
June 10-258-tf President.

THOMASVILLE FEMALE COLLEGE,

THOMASVILLE, N. C.

REV. D. R. BRUTON, A. M., PRESIDENT, and Professor in Mental and Moral Philosophy and Belles Lettres.

JOHN M. DAVIS, A. M., Professor in Mathematics and Ancient Languages.

———, Professor in Natural Sciences.

Mrs. NANNIE S. DAVIS, Teacher in English Literature and Assistant in Music.

Miss THEO. A. WELBORN, Teacher French and Assistant in English.

Miss CARRIE M. BUFORD, Teacher in Music.

———, Teacher in Oil Painting, Drawing &c.

Mrs. M. W. DAVIS, Matron.

The Fall Term of the next Collegiate year will commence on Thursday, 30th. of July, and close 20 weeks thereafter.

For Catalogue, giving full particulars, address the President.

June 28-274-4w

FEMALE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,

WARRENTON N. C.

THE *fifty third* session of this Institution will commence on the 17th. of July, with a full corps of experienced and efficient instructors.

The course of study extensive, instruction thorough and systematic. Government parental, and attention paid to refinement of taste and manners; as well as to developing the intellect and storing the mind. Warrenton is noted for healthfulness; and a favorite resort of persons from the Eastern part of the State, during the sickly seas n.

Pupils received at all stages of the session, and boarded through vacation if desired. For Circulars, and further particulars address either Rev. M. M. MAB HALL, Mrs. M. J. WILSON, or Rev. Wm. HOOKER, D. D.

June 21-267-d2m

YADKIN COLLEGE AND

B. F. SEMINARY,

Davidson County, N. C.

THE above Institutions will open, in buildings a mile apart, August 1st. 1867.

The President of the Institutions will be assisted by the necessary Teachers.

The duties of the two schools are positively distinct.

Students can board with private families, if they prefer. Our boarding-houses and offices have been re-arranged, so as to insure comfort.

Books, clothing, &c., kept on hand, near by, for accomodation at a small per cent.

The President hopes to be able to enter ten young men from ten different counties for the next session, and perhaps longer, and wait with them until they can pay by teaching or otherwise. They must be over twenty, sound in body, and willing to observe certain rules, a copy of which they will receive on application.

EXPENSES FOR A SESSION OF TWENTY WEEKS:

Tuition, from $5.00 to $20 00. Payment in advance.
Board, $45.00.
Entrance, $1.00;
Board is $10.00, if paid by the month.
For further information, address,

Rev. G. W. REGE, A. M.
July 3-278-4awlaw4w. President.

MISS MANGUM'S PRIVATE SCHOOL.

The tenth Session of Miss Mangum's School for Young Ladies, at the residence of her mother, Mrs. Willie P. Mangum, will commence on the 1st. of August, 1867.

For Circulars, address,

Miss M. P. MANGUM,
Care of Dr. J. F. CATE,
June 12-260-6w Hillsboro, N. C.

FRANKLINTON MALE ACADEMY,

Will resume duties on 22d. July 1867. Tuition per session from $14 to $31.

Board per month $12 to $15. For Circulars address,

GEO. W. NEAL, A. M. Principal.
June 27-273-tf

SELECT BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,

BILLSBORO, N. C.

MISSES NASH AND MISS KOLLOCK, PRINCIPALS.

The Fall Term of 1867 will open on the 26th. July, and continue twenty weeks.

Circulars forwarded on application.

June 3-253-3m*

TRINITY COLLEGE.

THE next Term will commence Aug. 14.

Tuition,	$20 to 30 per. Session.
Board,	$12 per month.
Washing	75cts. to $1,00 per month.

Payment in currency in advance.

July 11-287-tf B. CRAVEN.

SELECT MALE SCHOOL,

WARREN COUNTY, N. C.

The 5th. Session of this School will commence July 18th. and continue 20 weeks.

TUITION: Classics $25; Elementary Branches $20.

BOARD, including every thing except lights and towels, $25.

No deduction made except in case of protracted sickness. Location healthy. Neighborhood pleasant. Pupils will be met at Littleton Depot, if requested.

Address,

JOHN GRAHAM, Principal; or
July 11-287-2w* Rev. C. M. GROS, Littleton, N. C.

$500,000 N. C. Bonds for Sale.

TREASURY DEPT. OF N. C.,
RALEIGH, July 20, 1867.

THE BOARD OF INTERNAL IMPROVEMENTS, in consequence of a certificate to them under An Act of the General Assembly entitled "An Act to authorize the President and Directors of the Western North Carolina Rail Road Company to put said Road under contract," ratified 27th. February 1867, having notified me to subscribe for eight hundred thousand dollars of the capital stock of said Company, in order to pay said subscription, sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned on or before the 10th. day of August, 1867, for the purchase of eight hundred thousand dollars bonds of the State of North Carolina, with coupons for interest at 6 per cent. payable semi-annually on the first days of January and July in each year at the National Bank of the Republic in the city of New York, and the principal payable at the end of thirty years from the 1st. July, 1867, said bonds to be of the denomination of $1,000, each.

As collateral security, for the payment of each bond, ten shares of stock in the North Carolina Rail Road Company are mortgaged, in accordance with "An Act to enhance the value of the Bonds, to be issued for the completion of the Western North Carolina Rail Road and for other purposes," ratified 19th. December, 1866.

The aforesaid Bonds are exempt from taxation. No bid for less than *par* will be entertained.

KEMP P. BATTLE,
July 25-288-4t Public Treasurer.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, } WAKE COUNTY, }

COURT OF PLEAS AND QUARTER SESSIONS, MAY TERM, 1867.

In rem. On the matter of Romulus M. Saunders's will.

IT appearing to the satisfaction of this Court that William J. Saunders, and Bradly T. Johnson, and his wife Jane Johnson, heirs at law of the testator, the said R. M. Saunders, reside beyond the limits of this State, it is ordered, that advertisement be made in the Semi-Weekly Sentinel, for six weeks, notifying them to appear at the next term of this Court, to be held on the 3rd. Monday in August next, then and there to see proceedings in this matter, and to make themselves parties thereto, if they shall see proper so to do.

Witness, J. J. FERRELL, Clerk of our said Court at office, the 3d. Monday in May, A. D 1867. J. J. FERRELL, C. C. C.

June 19-2aw6w

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

FOR SALE,

VERY FINE BLACKBERRY WINE,

made last year.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
July 5-281-tf Wholesale Grocers

CORN.

1,500 Bushels Corn for sale.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
July 1-276-tf Wholesale Grocers.

SMUT MACHINES!

"McMANNEN'S *Celebrated Smut and Screening Machine*,"—the best in the world.

We are Agents for the sale of the above, and will furnish the same at manufacturer's prices.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
July 11-287-tf Raleigh, N. C.
Standard and Progress copy.

HERRINGS! HERRINGS!! HERRINGS!!!

50 Barrels N. C. Cut Herrings,
50 " No. 1, Gross Herrings, North in spection,
Barrels Ocean Nuts,
not received and for sale by

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
July -276-tf

TO FARMERS.

H. L. Emory & Son's Cotton Gins.
Eagle, " "
Brown, Clemmons & Co's. Georgia Cotton Gins
Daniel Pratts' reliable " "
Ingersoll's Cotton Press,
B. L. Emory & Son's Railway Horse Powers,
Hutchinson's Patent Cider and Wine Mill,
Scully's Cider and Wine Mill,
All kinds Leather and Gum Belting,
Plantation Bells,
Union and Doty's Washing machines,
Collins' Cast Steel Plows,
Fruit Trees, Shrubbery, &c.,

We are agents for the sale of all the above, and propose to sell at manufacturer's prices, and warrant all we sell.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.

REFER TO

A. T. Mial, Wake Co.
D. Hinton, " "
G. W. Mordecai, " "
Dr. W. J. Hawkins, Raleigh & Gaston R. R. Co.
Col. J. M. Heidt Court, Warren, Co.
Raleigh, N. C. July 10-286-tf
Standard and Progress.

FINE CHEWING TOBACCO.

10 Half Boxes fine Chewing Tobacco manufactured in 1868.

Call and see it.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
July 16-291-tf

THE VERY BEST.

We have just received a supply of the justly celebrated,

CYGNET CHEWING TOBACCO,

manufactured by Kingsbury and Thomas.

Apply early.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
July 15-290-tf Wholesale Grocers.

1000 BUSHELS NICE WHITE CORN just received and for sale.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
July 24-296-tf Wholesale Grocers.

N. C. CIDER VINEGAR, MOLASSES, AND the best N. C. Apple Brandy.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
July 24-296-tf Wholesale Grocers.

THE BEST N. C. FAMILY FLOUR MADE OF new wheat.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
July 24-296-tf Wholesale Grocers.

SUGAR, COFFEE, TEA, STARCH AND SOAP just received and for sale.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
July 24-296-tf Wholesale Grocers.

FAMILY GROCERS.

SHOVELS!

SPADES!!

PITCH FORKS!!!

Six Dozen SHOVELS, SPADES and long handled Forks, which will be sold at Baltimore Cost, on account of shippers, by

DOUGLAS BELL.
July 21-295-tf

COFFEE MILLS! SIFTERS!!

TWO DOZEN COFFEE MILLS!

THREE DOZEN SIFTERS!!

ALSO,

Two hundred pounds FLAT IRONS, to which the attention of housekeepers is particularly called, as they will be sold at invoice price to close sales.

DOUGLAS BELL.
July 24-296-tf

CHOICE BACON!

We have a fine lot of those choice POMONA HAMS, which we cannot too highly recommend; and also a supply of N. C. and Baltimore SIDES.

JENKINS & PERRY.
July 23-296-tf

BALTIMORE LEAF LARD,

Very nice, at

JENKINS & PERRY'S
July 23-296-tf

PURE CIDER VINEGAR,

Manufactured by the late Mr. McKnight, of Franklin County. The very concentrated article.

JENKINS & PERRY.
July 23-296-tf

PEACHES, APPLES &c.

We have an arrangement, by which we will keep daily supplied with

FRESHLY GATHERED FRUITS.

Just to think of Milk and Peaches, Preserves and Apple Pies! There is something in the contemplation of them akin to the sweet memories of *Strawberries and Cream!*

JENKINS & PERRY.
July 23-296-tf

BACON!

BACON!!

BACON!!!

One thousand pounds C. R. Sides, Prime.

One thousand pounds Shoulders and five hundred pounds of those nice SOUTHAMPTON HAMS, are to day received and for sale by

DOUGLAS BELL,
July 24-297-tf Market Square.

NOTICE!!!

My Store having been repaired, and my new Stock having arrived, I am again prepared to furnish my customers

"CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES."

I invite attention to the following carefully selected articles:

Prime Southampton Bacon,
No. 1 Refined Lard, (25 lb. Kegs,)
Family Flour,
Bolted Meal,
Java, Laguyra and Rio Coffees,
Fine old Teas,
Sugars of all grades,
Molasses and Syrup,
Family Roe Herring,
Rice, Salt,
Soap, Starch, &c.

All of which I will sell at lowest market price.

DOUGLAS BELL,
July 13-285-tf Market Square.

PRIME CHEWING TOBACCO!

We have just received a very choice article of

Extra Sun Cured Chewing Tobacco,

Superior to that announced a week ago. Try it by all means.

JENKINS & PERRY.
July 2-277-tf

CORN! CORN!! CORN!!!

Another lot PRIME CORN, just received, which will be sold at lowest market price, by

DOUGLAS BELL,
July 9-285-tf Market Square.

HOES! WEEDING HOES! HILLING HOES!

Twelve Dozen "Elwell's" WEEDING AND HILLING HOES, Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, for sale at reduced price, by

DOUGLAS BELL,
July 9-285-tf Market Square.

RAILROADS.

GREAT NATIONAL

DOUBLE TRACK ROUTE

TO THE WEST.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO AND RALEIGH AND GASTON RAIL ROADS.

PERSONS wishing to travel or *Emigrate* to the *Western* and *South Western* States from this part of *North Carolina*, are informed, that permanent arrangements have been made between the above Rail Roads, by which Passengers can obtain through tickets, at the Office of the *Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road* at *RALEIGH*, to

St. Louis, Mo.
Cincinnati, Ohio.
Chicago, Ill.
Indianapolis, Ind.
Cleveland Ohio.
St. Josephs, Mo.
Cairo, Ill.
Memphis, Tenn.
Louisville, Ky.
Milwaukie, Wis.
Detroit, Mich.
Pittsburg, Pa.
Kansas City, Mo.
Columbus, Ohio.

and all Western and South Western Cities.

Passengers *goin West from Raleigh*, via *the Baltimore & Ohio Rail Road*, can either take *the Route, via. Portsmouth and Bay Line of Steamers to Baltimore, or the route, via. Richmond & Fredericksburg and Potomac Rail Road*, to Washington City, where close connections are made with three Daily Express Trains on the Baltimore & Ohio Rail Road for all Western Cities, leaving as follows:

LEAVE BALTIMORE,

Mail Train,	8.45, A. M.
Fast Line,	5.00, P. M.
Express train,	9.45, P. M.

LEAVE WASHINGTON CITY,

Mail Train,	7.45, A. M.
Fast Line	4.30, P. M.
Express Train,	8.45, P. M.

The advantages of this line over all others in Palace State Room Day and Night Cars, having in Time and distance, and so few changes of Cars combine to render this the most pleasant and desirable Route, especially to Families, or Ladies Travelling Alone. There being but ONE Change of Cars between Baltimore, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, and but TWO to St. Louis, Cairo, Chicago and the principal Cities West and South.

From *five to ten Dollars* will be saved by purchasing *through tickets*, besides a great deal of *annoyance at Points* where *Cars and Baggage* are changed, whereas Passengers, holding *through tickets*, will get their *Baggage checked* through, and all transfers of *Passengers* and *Baggage* are made without any additional expense to the Passenger except the cost of through tickets. *Passeng

THE SENTINEL.

MONDAY, JULY 29, 1867.

A LITTLE GIRL'S PRAYER.

"O! I am so happy!" a little girl said,
As she sprang, like a lark from the low trundle-bed;
"'Tis morning, bright morning! Good morning, papa!
O give me one kiss for good morning, mama!
Only just look at my pretty canary,
Chirping his sweet good morning to Mary!
The sunshine is peeping straight into my eyes—
Good morning to you, Mr. Sun, for you rise
Early to wake up my birdie and me,
And make us happy as happy can be."

"Happy you may be, my dear little girl"
And the mother stroked softly a glistening curl.
"Happy as happy can be—but think of the One
Who awakened, this morn both you and the sun."
The little one turned her bright eyes with a nod,
"Mamma, may I say good morning to God?"
"Yes, little darling one, surely you may—
As you kneel by your bed every morning to pray."

Mary knelt solemnly down, with her eyes
Looking up earnestly into the skies,
And two little hands that were folded together
Softly she laid on the lip of her mother,
"Good morning, dear Father in Heaven," she said,
"I thank thee for watching my sung little bed,
For taking good care of me all the dark night,
And waking me up with the beautiful light.
O, keep me from naughtiness all the long day,
Blessed Jesus, who taught little children to pray."

CROSS EXAMINING A FALSE WITNESS.

It is said of Warren, the distinguished lawyer and author, that the following sharp practice in the examination of a man accused of swearing falsely in a will case is recorded. It shows great dramatic powers unconsciously exhibited in his daily business. The prisoner being arraigned, and the formalities gone through, he was asked if he had seen the testator sign that instrument; to which he promptly answered he had. "And did you sign it at his request, as subscribing witness?" "I did." "Was it sealed with *red* or *black* wax?" "With red wax." "Did you see him seal it with red wax?" "I did." "Where was the testator when he signed and sealed this will?" "In his bed." "Pray, how long a piece of wax did he use?" "About three or four inches long." "Who gave the testator this piece of wax?" "I did." "Where did you get it?" "From the drawer of his desk." "How did he light that piece of wax?" "With a piece of candle." "Where did you get that piece of candle from?" "I got it out of the cupboard in his room." "How long was that piece of candle?" "Perhaps four or five inches long." "Who lit that piece of candle?" "I lit it." "With what?" "With a match." "Where did you get that match?" "On the mantle-shelf in the room." Here Warren paused, and fixing his large, deep blue eyes on the prisoner, he held the will up above his head, his thumb still resting upon the seal, and said, in a solemn and measured tone: "Now, sir, upon your solemn oath, you saw the testator sign that will; he signed it as a subscribing witness; you saw him seal it; it was with red wax he sealed it—a piece two, three, or four inches long; he lit that wax with a piece of candle which you procured for him from a cupboard; you lit that candle by a match which you found on the mantle-shelf?" "I did." "Once more, sir, upon your solemn oath, *you did*?" "I did." "Your honor—*it's a wafer!*"

SLEEPING EQUALITY.

The Enterprise (Miss.,) *Star* tells the following good story of a minister well known among the Methodists on Pearl River, but who has moved to Alabama:

"A friend has just stepped in who gives us the following as a practical test of the sincerity of the newly converted Radicals.—We recommend its general adoption by those of our colored people whose votes and influence the Radicals are endeavoring to obtain by a regular system of equality hoodwinking:

Rev. Mr. Talley, of the Montgomery Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, who is a "weak vessel," has been bought up by the emissaries of the Northern Methodist Church. In the ignorant zeal of a new convert, who of course wished to render some service for his money, he went into the Summerfield District, over which Dr. A. H. Mitchell presides, and began the propagation of the perfect equality doctrine among the colored people. This quality he carried beyond *Beyond*, and as the legitimate result was lionized by the negroes.

An old gentleman of the white persuasion, residing in the neighborhood where this missionary of equality was laboring, saw proper to doubt Mr. Talley's sincerity, and told a favorite boy—an old time house and body servant, who had imbibed great confidence in Mr. Talley as a sincere equality man—that he had as well keep his money, if he intended to give Mr. Talley any, until he could test his sincerity. A new idea struck Jack. Mr. Talley was to stay all night at Jack's master's. When he retired to bed Jack accompanied the reverend turncoat to his room and held him in long conversation on the equality doctrine, until Mr. Talley was fully committed to it, and thoroughly sleepy, he took off his coat ready for bed; so did Jack. Boots came next; so did Jack's. Talley's pants off; Jack's ditto. "Look here Jack, what are you up to?" quoth Mr. Talley.

"Nuffin 'tall sir. Ees going to be 'down to' somefin, dat's all," replied Jack.

"What's that you are going to be 'down to,'" said his reverence.

"Well, I'se goin to bed with you, dat's all dere is about it. I is jes as good as you is, accordin to the Lord's gospel by you, and I am tired of sleeping wid miself in de shuck pen. So I is going to sleep wid you in master's bed," said Jack.

Mr. Talley took a deliberate indignant survey of Jack from head to foot, slowly put on his clothes, went to the stable, bridled and saddled his horse, and left that ilk a sadder and a wiser man."

USEFUL HINTS.—Wood ashes and common salt wet with water will stop the cracks of a stove and prevent the smoke from escaping.

Stir Poland starch with a common candle and it will not stick to the iron, and it will be much nicer.

Alum or vinegar is good to set colors of red, green or yellow.

Sal-soda will bleach very white; one spoonful is enough for a kettle of clothes.

Save your suds for garden plants, or for garden yards when sandy.

Wash your tea trays with cold suds, polish with a little flour and rub with a dry cloth.

Frozen potatoes make more starch than fresh ones; they also make nice cake.

A hot shovel held over varnished furniture will take out white spots.

A bit of glue dissolved in skim-milk and water will restore crape.

Ribbons of any kind should be washed in cold soap suds and not rinsed.

If your flat irons are rough, rub them with fine salt, and it will make them smooth.

Oat straw is the best for filling beds; it should be changed once a year.

If you are buying carpet for durability, choose small figures.

A bit of soap rubbed on the hinges of doors will prevent their creaking.

Scotch snuff put in a hole where crickets come out will destroy them.

A gallon of strong ley put in a barrel will make it as soft as rain water.

Half a cranberry on a corn will soon kill it.

Always mend clothes before washing them.

GENERAL ORDER NO. 32.

HEADQUARTERS, 2ND MILITARY DISTRICT,
Charleston, May 30,

General Orders No. 32.

1. Any citizen a qualified voter according to the requirements of the Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2nd, 1867, and the act supplemental thereto, passed March 23rd, 1867, is eligible to office in the Provisional government of North and South Carolina. All persons appointed to office will be required to take the oath prescribed by the act aforesaid and to file the same duly subscribed and sworn with the Post Commander.

2. All citizens assessed for taxes, and who shall have paid taxes for the current year, are qualified to serve as jurors. It shall be the duty of the proper civil officers, charged with providing lists of jurors, to proceed within their several jurisdictions, without delay, and ascertain the names of all qualified persons, and place them on the jury lists, and from such revised lists all jurors shall be hereafter summoned, and drawn in the manner required by law.

3. All citizens are eligible to follow any licensed calling employment or avocation, subject to such impartial regulations as may be prescribed by municipal or other competent authority, not inconsistent with common rights and the Constitution and laws of the United States. The bond required as security shall not exceed the penal sum of one hundred dollars. One or more sureties being citizens and worth, in the aggregate, double the amount of the bond, over and above just debts, will be sufficient.

4. The Mayors of cities and other municipal and town officers, and all Sheriffs, Magistrates and Police officers, are required to be vigilant and efficient in maintaining order, and in the discharge of their duties. They will be expected to co-operate with the military authorities.

5. Post commanders may summon to their aid, whenever the ordinary means at their disposal shall not be sufficient to execute their orders, such of the civil officers, and as many of the citizens, within the territorial limits of the military post, as may be necessary, and the neglect or refusal of any person to aid and assist in the execution of the orders of the Commanding officer will be deemed a misdemeanor, punishable by such fine and imprisonment as may be imposed by a military tribunal approved by the Commanding General.

6. No license for the sale of intoxicating liquors in quantities less than one gallon or to be drank on the premises shall be granted to any person other than an Inn-keeper. The number of such licenses shall be determined, and the fees to be charged for each license shall be prescribed and collected, by the municipal or town authorities and appropriated exclusively for the benefit of the poor. If any person shall be found drunk on the premises where liquor is sold, the license may be revoked by any magistrate. The tax imposed by the Internal Revenue laws of the United States is an additional charge and does not excuse the person from the observance of local regulations, nor exempt him from the payment of such other license fees as may be imposed by the municipal or other competent authorities.

7. All contracts hereafter made for the manufacture, sale or transportation of intoxicating liquors shall within this military district be deemed and treated as against public policy, and no civil action, suit or proceedings for the enforcement of any such contract shall be entertained in any court.

8 In public conveyances on railroads, highways, streets or navigable waters, no discrimination because of color or caste shall be made, and the common rights of all persons therein shall be recognized and respected. The violation of this regulation will be deemed a misdemeanor and render the offender liable to arrest and trial by a Military tribunal to be designated by the commanding General, besides such damages as the injured party may sue for and recover in the civil Courts.

9. The remedy by distress for rent is abolished. Where lands are leased, or let out for hire or rent, cotton, corn or other produce of the same, when severed from the land, may be impounded, but the same shall not be removed. Any cotton, corn or other produce so impounded shall be held as security for the rent or hire so claimed and may be sold in satisfaction of any judgment for the same, *Provided*, that any unsatisfied claim for labor bestowed upon the cultivation of such cotton, corn, or other produce, shall, in no case, be postponed to any demand for rent or hire. But to the extent of such claim for labor there shall be a lien on such cotton, corn and other produce having preference over any claim for rent or hire.

By command of
MAJ. GEN. SICKLES.

J. W. CLOUS, A. A. A. G.

BOOK STORES.

25000 WHITE, BUFF, AND CANARY Envelopes.
Paris Envelopes, White and Colored; Fine French Note Paper.
For sale by
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
Next door to Williams & Haywood's Drug Store.
May 29-249-tf

IMPORTANT ITEM.

Books and Stationery are still cheaper than when we wrote you last.

In purchasing our new Stock of goods, we have selected only the VERY BEST ARTICLES, and many of them we find to be cheaper than the same qualities purchased in January and February.—We buy nothing but *quick stock*, hence we can afford to sell *for small profits*.

In order to sell well one must *buy* well, and this, several years of experience enables us to do. It is certainly our interest to give general satisfaction, and this has always been our aim. We are to-day receiving a lot of fine French and American, Letter Note, and Foolscap papers, which we will sell reasonably.

Call at our New Store next door above Tucker's New Hall.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.
June 22-268-tf

DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

STILL THEY COME AND GO!

NEW ARRIVALS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED MY THIRD SUPply of Spring and Summer Goods,

Just received 5,000 yds. of beautiful Spring and Summer CALICOES.

Just received 5,000 yds. Mohair MOZAMBIQUES and LENOS.

Just received 3,000 yds. Figured JACONETTS and LAWNS.

Just received 10 dozen Ladies' and Misses' TRIMMED HATS and BONNETS, and will be sold Cheap.

I have asked my friends and Customers to *come to CREECH'S* to buy their goods, and I am pleased to say that hundreds have come and are still coming.

I keep no *time worn* or *shelf rubbed* remnants. I buy new goods and good styles, and sell them right.

Come to CREECH'S to buy your goods,—R. Smith's Corner, Fayetteville Street.

ALEXANDER CREECH.
May 31-250-tf
Progress copy one week.

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE!

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING OUR friends and the public, that we have in store one of the most

COMPLETE AND BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENTS

of Goods, ever offered in this Market.

Our DRESS GOODS are composed of all the latest styles and novelties of the season.

Our Line of White Goods is Perfect, consisting of

MULL, NAINSOOK AND SWISS MUSLINS, PLAIN, CHECKED AND STRIPED ORGANDIES, TARLETANS, PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED LINEN AND MUSLIN SETTS, &c., &c.

Our goods are of the best quality and prices as low as any one can sell

WE SELL STRICTLY FOR CASH, and are content with small profits.

All we ask is an examination of our stock and we think we can please.

A. M. & J. McKIMMON.
April 5-204-tf

Congressional Reconstruction Acts.

For the information of our readers we republish as follows the late reconstruction act of Congress, known as the Sherman-Shellabarger bill. We shall add to it the Howard Amendment, Test Oath and the Supplementary act, all of which will be kept standing until the necessary information they contain shall be generally and fully understood.

THE RECONSTRUCTION ACT.

AN ACT to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States.

[Passed over the President's Veto, March 24, 1867.]

WHEREAS, no legal State governments or adequate protection for life or property now exists in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas, and Arkansas; and whereas it is necessary that peace and good order should be enforced in said States until loyal and Republican State Governments can be legally established: Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That said rebel States shall be divided into military districts and made subject to the military authority of the United States, as hereinafter prescribed, and for that purpose Virginia shall constitute the first district; North Carolina and South Carolina the second district; Georgia, Alabama and Florida the third district; Mississippi and Arkansas the fourth district; and Louisiana and Texas the fifth district.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the President to assign to the command of each of said districts an officer of the army, not below the rank of Brigadier general, and to detail a sufficient military force to enable such officer to perform his duties and enforce his authority within the district to which he is assigned.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of each officer assigned as aforesaid to protect all persons in their rights of person and property, to suppress insurrection, disorder and violence, and to punish or cause to be punished all disturbers of the public peace and criminals, and to this end he may allow local civil tribunals to take jurisdiction of and to try offenders, or, when in his judgement it may be necessary for the trial of offenders, he shall have power to organize military commissions or tribunals for that purpose, and all interference, under color of State authority, with the exercise of military authority under this act shall be null and void.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That all persons put under military arrest by virtue of this act shall be tried without unnecessary delay, and no cruel or unusual punishment shall be inflicted; and no sentence of any military commission or tribunal hereby authorized, affecting the life or liberty of any person, shall be executed until it is approved by the officer in command of the district, and the laws and regulations for the government of the army shall not be affected by this act, except in so far as they conflict with its provisions. Provided, That no sentence of death, under the provisions of this act, shall be carried into effect without the approval of the President.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That when the people of any one of said rebel States shall have formed a constitution of government in conformity with the Constitution of the United States in all respects, framed by a convention of delegates elected by the male citizens of said State, twenty one years old and upwards, of whatever race, color or previous condition, who have been resident in said State for one year previous to the day of such election, except such as may be disfranchised for participation in the rebellion, or for felony at common law; and when such constitution shall provide that the elective franchise shall be enjoyed by all such persons as have the qualifications herein stated for electors of delegates; and when such constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such constitution shall have been submitted to Congress for examination and approval, and Congress shall have approved the same; and when the said State, by a vote of its legislature elected under said constitution, shall have adopted the amendment to the constitution of the United States, proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress, and known as article fourteen; and when said article shall have become a part of the constitution of the United States, said State shall be declared entitled to representation in Congress, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom, on their taking the oath prescribed by law; and then and thereafter the preceding sections of this act shall be inoperative in said State. Provided, That no person excluded from the privilege of holding office by said amendment to the constitution of the United States shall be eligible to election as a member of the convention to frame a constitution for any of said rebel States, nor shall any such person vote *for* members of such convention.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That until the people of said rebel States shall be by law admitted to representation in the Congress of the United States, any civil government which may exist therein shall be deemed provisional only, and in all respects subject to the paramount authority of the United States at any time to abolish, modify, control or supersede the same; and in all elections to any office under such provisional governments all persons shall be entitled to vote, and none others, who are entitled to vote under the provisions of the fifth section of this act; and no person shall be eligible to any office under such provisional governments who would be disqualified from holding office under the provisions of the third article of said constitutional amendment.

SCHUYLER COLFAX,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
LAFAYETTE S. FOSTER,
President of the Senate *pro tem.*

The following is the Constitutional Amendment referred to in the 4th section of the Sherman Bill:

Proposed Constitutional Amendment.

ARTICLE XIV.

Section 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States and subject to the jurisdiction thereof are citizens of the United States and of the State wherein they reside. No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

Sec. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States, representatives in Congress, executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State being twenty-one years of age and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged except for participation in rebellion or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

Sec. 3. No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector of President and Vice-President, or hold any office, civil or military, under the United States or under any State, who, having previously taken an oath as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof. But Congress may, by a vote of two-thirds of each House, remove such disability.

Sec. 4. The validity of the public debt of the United States authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any State shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims, shall be held illegal and void.

Sec. 5. The Congress shall have power to enforce by appropriate legislation the provisions of this article.

The following is the oath of office referred to in the 5th section of the bill, and also in the 6th of the Supplementary Bill:

An Act to Prescribe an Oath of Office and for Other Purposes.

Be it enacted, That hereafter any person elected or appointed to any office of honor or profit under the government of the United States, either in the civil, military or naval department of the public service, except the President of the United States, shall before entering upon the duties of such office, and before being entitled to any of the salary or other emolument thereof, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation: "I, A B, do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have never voluntarily borne arms against the U. S. since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have never sought nor accepted, nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever, under any authority, or pretended authority, in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, power or constitution within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto; and I do further swear (or affirm) that to the best of my knowledge and ability, I will support and defend the constitution of the United states against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion, and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter. So help me God," which oath, so taken and signed, shall be preserved among the files of the Court, Houses of Congress, or the department to which said officer may appertain. And any person who may falsely take said oath shall be guilty of perjury, and on conviction, in addition to the penalties now prescribed for that offence, shall be deprived of his office, and rendered incapable, forever after, of holding any office or place under the United States.

Approved July 2, 1862

SUPPLEMENT TO THE STEVENS-SHERMAN-SHELLABARGER BILL.

AN ACT supplemental to an act entitled an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2, 1867, and to facilitate restoration.

Be it enacted &c., That before the first day of September, 1867, the commanding general in each district defined by the act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, approved March 2, 1867, shall cause a registration to be made of the male citizens of the United States, twenty-one years of age, and upwards, resident in each county or parish in the State or States included in his district, which registration will include only those persons who are qualified to vote for delegates by the act aforesaid, and who shall have taken and subscribed the following oath or affirmation:

"I, ——, do solemnly swear, or affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that I am a citizen of the State of ——; that I have resided in said State for ——months next preceding this day, and now reside in the county of ——, or the parish of ——, in said State, as the case may be; that I am 21 years old; that I have not been disfranchised for participation in any rebellion or civil war against the United States, nor for felony committed against the laws of any State or of the United States; that I have never been a member of any State Legislature, or held any executive or judicial office in any State, and afterwards engaged in insurrection and rebellion against the United States, and given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I have never taken an oath as a member of Congress of the United States, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, and afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I will faithfully support the Constitution and obey the laws of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, encourage others so to do. So help me God."

which oath or affirmation may be administered by any registering officer.

Sec. 2. That after the completion of the registration hereby provided for in any State at such time and place therein as the commanding general shall appoint and direct, of which at least thirty day's public notice shall be given, an election shall be held of delegates to a convention for the purpose of establishing a constitution and civil government for such State loyal to the Union; said convention in each State, except Virginia, to consist of the same number of members as the most numerous branch of the State Legislature of such State in the year 1860, to be apportioned among the several districts, counties, or parishes of such State by the commanding general, giving to each, representation in the ratio of voters registered as aforesaid as nearly as may be. The convention in Virginia shall consist of the same number of members as represented the State of Virginia constituting Virginia in the most numerous branch of the Legislature of said State in the year 1860, to be apportioned as aforesaid.

Sec. 3. That at such election the registered voters of each State shall vote for or against a convention to form a constitution thereof under this act. Those voting in favor of such a convention shall have written or printed on the ballots by which they vote for delegates, as aforesaid, the words "for a convention;" and those voting against such a convention shall have written or printed on such ballots the words "against a convention." The persons appointed to superintend said election, and to make return of the votes given thereat, as herein provided, shall count and make return of the votes given for and against a convention; and the commanding general, to whom the same shall have been returned, shall ascertain and declare the total vote in each State for and against a convention. If a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, then a convention shall be held, as hereinafter provided; but if a majority of said votes shall be against a convention, then no convention shall be held under this act: *Provided*, That such convention shall not be held unless a majority of all such registered voters shall have voted on the question of holding such convention.

Sec. 4. That the commanding general of each district shall appoint such loyal officers or persons as may be necessary, not exceeding three in each election district, in any State, to make and complete the registration, superintend the election, and make return to him of the votes, lists of voters and of the persons elected as delegates by a plurality of the votes cast at said election; and upon receiving said returns he shall open the same, ascertain the persons elected as delegates according to the returns of the officers who conducted said election, and make proclamation thereof; and if a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, the commanding general, within sixty days from the date of election, shall notify the delegates to assemble in convention at a time and place to be mentioned in the notification, and said convention, when organized, shall proceed to frame a Constitution and civil government according to the provisions of this act, and the act to which it is supplementary; and when the same shall have been so framed, said Constitution shall be submitted by the convention for ratification to the persons registered under the provisions of this act, at an election to be conducted by the officers, or persons appointed by the commanding general as hereinbefore provided, and to be held after the expiration of thirty days from the date of notice thereof to be given by said convention, and the returns thereof shall be made to the commanding general of the district.

Sec. 5 That if, according to said returns, the constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the votes of the registered electors qualified as herein specified, cast at said election, at least one-half of all the registered voters voting upon the question of such ratification, the president of the convention shall transmit a copy of the same, duly certified, to the President of the United States, who shall forthwith transmit the same to Congress, if then in session, and if not in session, then immediately upon its next assembling; and if it shall moreover appear to Congress that the election was one at which all the registered and qualified electors in the State had an opportunity to vote freely and without restraint, fear or the influence of fraud, and if Congress shall be satisfied that such constitution meets the approval of a majority of the qualified electors in the State, and if the said constitution shall be declared by Congress to be in conformity with the provisions of the act to which this is supplementary, and the other provisions of said act shall have been complied with, and the said constitution shall be approved by Congress, the State shall be declared entitled to representation, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom as herein provided.

Sec. 6. That all elections in the States mentioned in the said "Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," shall, during the operation of said act, be by ballot; and all officers making the said registration of voters and conducting said elections shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, subscribe an oath faithfully to perform the duties of their said office, and the oath prescribed by the act approved July 2, 1862, entitled "An act to prescribe an oath of office:" Provided, That if any person shall knowingly and falsely take and subscribe any oath in this act prescribed, such person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be subject to the pains, penalties and disabilities which by law are provided for the punishment of the crime of wilful and corrupt perjury.

Sec. 7. That all expenses incurred by the several commanding generals, or by virtue of any orders issued or appointments made by them under or by virtue of this act, shall be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 8. That the convention for each State shall prescribe the fees, salary, and compensation to be paid to all delegates and other officers, and all agents herein authorized or necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act, not herein otherwise provided for, and shall provide for the levy and collection of such taxes on the property in such State as may be necessary to pay the same.

Sec. 9. That the word "article" in the sixth section of the act to which this is supplementary shall be construed to mean "section."

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FRANCIS H. SMITH,
my 18-w1ma&w112sept. Superintendent.

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Feb. 20-6m

MISCELLANEOUS.

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PORTABLE ENGINE WORKS,
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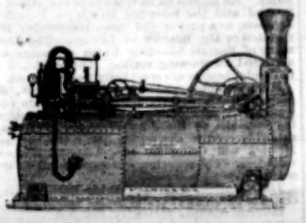

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and 56½ acres of land attached, situated in Stokes County, North Carolina, three miles from the capital of the county.

This valuable property is in the midst of the most picturesque and romantic scenery in America. The salubrity of the climate and virtue of the water are too well known to need comment. Fit and suitable accommodations for FOUR HUNDRED GUESTS. For further information apply to M. W. Smallwood, Rich-Square, Northampton county, N. C.

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M. W. SMALLWOOD, } Trustees.
JOHN TILLERY, }
July 6-283-td

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BRANCH OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C.
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Our terms are as follows: Persons placing property in the hands of the Guilford Land Agency of North Carolina, will be charged FIVE per cent. commission on all amounts realized. Five dollars entrance fee must be paid when the property is placed in our hands.

Persons at a distance wishing to place property in our hands should give us an accurate description of the same. If Agricultural Lands, they should specify the soil, number of acres of cleared and timbered lands, the kind of timber, what is raised on the land, what kind of improvements are on the premises, how far from Railroad and from County-seat; whether it is well watered, &c. IF MINERAL LANDS, they should state what kind of Minerals, the indications, &c., always sending a good fair specimen of the ore. It would also be advisable to send a sketch of the land to us.

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Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety.
All the different styles of Grates,
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Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.
April 8-206-1y

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May 22-243-3m

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Old Mattresses renovated and made over

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